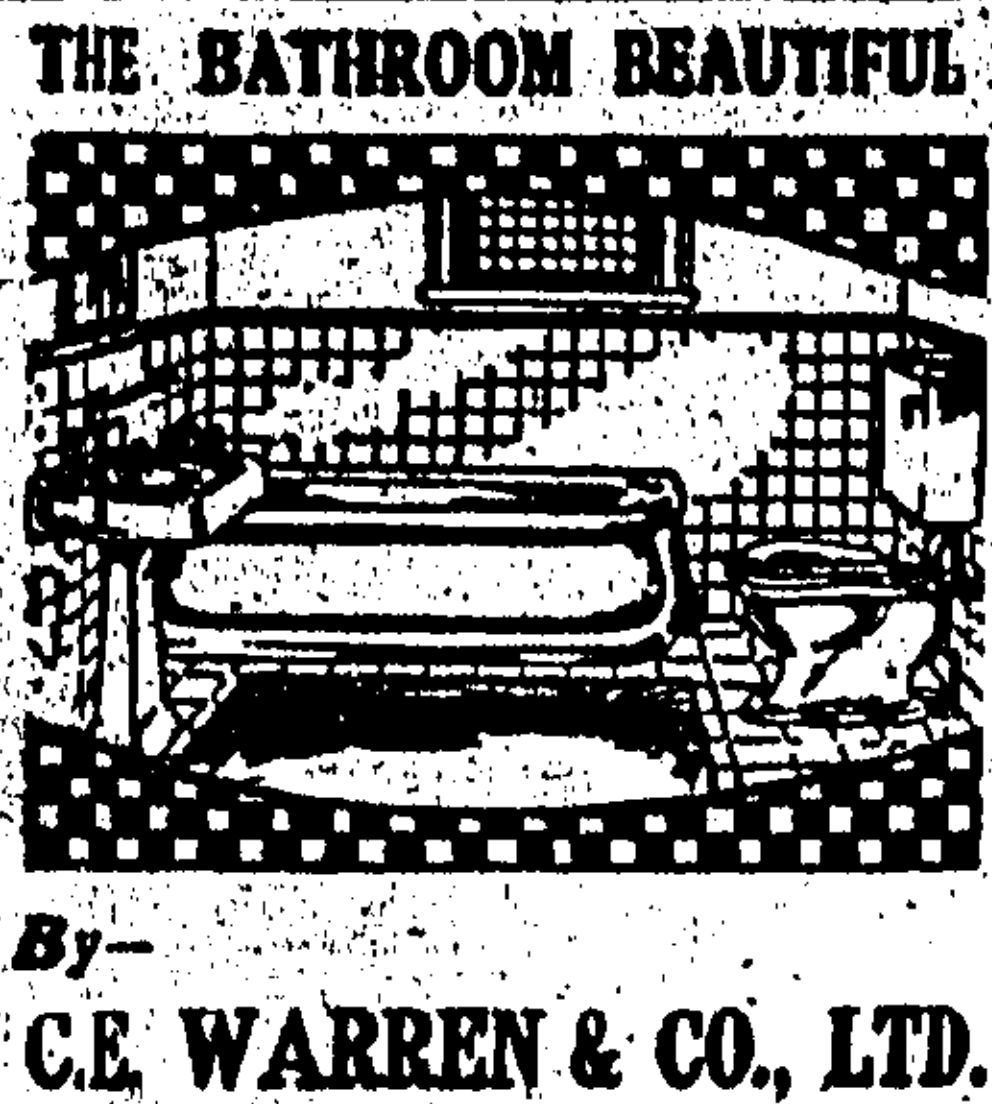


THE BATHROOM BEAUTIFUL



By—
C.E. WARREN & CO., LTD.
China Building
Tel. C. 269

PRINTED & PUBLISHED
for The South China Morning Post, Ltd.
1 & 3, Wyndham Street, Hong Kong.

Hongkong Telegraph

FOUNDED 1821
五拜禮 號一廿月二英港香

The Hongkong Telegraph

Library, Supreme Court

Dollar on Demand—1/6 1/2
High Water—11 a.m.
Lighting-up—8 p.m.
Low Water—6 p.m.

DUNLOP

DUNLOP CARRIES THE TRAFFIC.
They're British, too.

LOCAL BRANCH:
Pedder Building.
C. 4554

VENDETTA BEHIND NEW PARTY.

FORMER MINISTER'S ACCUSATION.

"IDLE TO PRETEND IDEAL IS REALISABLE."

DEBATE IN HONGKONG.

London, Feb. 20.

Sir Austen Chamberlain, who was Foreign Secretary in the late Conservative Government, addressing the Women's Conservative Conference at Birmingham, referred to the announcement made by Lord Beaverbrook, the well-known newspaper proprietor, of the formation of a new "United Empire Party" in favour of free trade within the Empire.

Sir Austen Chamberlain moved a resolution assuring Mr. Baldwin of the loyal support of his leadership, and expressing hearty approval of the policy he had laid before the country recently.

Sir Austen said that while he viewed Lord Beaverbrook's movement with much sympathy, he did not think it a practical policy, at the present time.

Premature Move.

"If it were possible, by any act of ours, to secure that economic unity of the Empire, to treat the Empire as one within which no tariff barriers or protective duties should interfere with the free course of Imperial Trade, there is no sacrifice I would not think well given in return for so great a boon to our country and in our Imperial interests."

"It is, however, idle to pretend that such an ideal is realisable or near the possibility of a realisation."

Sir Austen said he sympathised with the Dominions in their disinclination to sacrifice their own industries in order to further ours. Only a complete change of mind at home and in the Dominions would break down Empire Tariffs.

Vendetta Accusation.

This was especially the case in respect of the Crown Colonies and the great African Protectorates, whose revenues for many years could only be raised by Customs duties.

Referring to the United Empire Party, he described the promoters as "two great newspaper proprietors, one of whom is pursuing a personal vendetta against Mr. Stanley Baldwin, and the other of whom is pursuing a cause in which he is genuinely interested, by creating a new party hostile to the Conservatives."

Mr. Amery, speaking at Derby, regretted Lord Beaverbrook's decision to launch a new party, because there was a real danger of the struggles for candidates "weakening us in the fight against the common foe, the free trade superstition."

Mr. Amery reaffirmed his loyalty to Mr. Baldwin.—*Reuter and British Wireless.*

Y.M.C.A. Debate.

There was a large attendance at the European Y.M.C.A. Kowloon, on the occasion of a debate last night on the motion "That this meeting is in favour of Free Trade within the Empire." Mr. P. S. Cassidy, Chairman of the Literary and Debating Committee, presided.

Mr. A. C. Jeffreys, moving for the affirmative, claimed that if Great Britain was to maintain her position as a leading trading nation the Empire must be developed as a single economic unit. The Empire included some quarter of the land surface of the world, and its population roughly a quarter of the world's. Within its confines could be found every conceivable article required in our every day life, from essentials to luxuries. A scheme whereby, in return for the imposition in Great Britain of tariffs on goods competing with Empire Products, British manufactured goods would have free access to Empire markets would stimulate the flow of trade between Great Britain and the Dominions, Colonies and Dependencies and lead to increased employment, and a greater buying capacity.

The present system of tariff

(Continued on Page 7.)

CHAUTEMPS TO BE PREMIER.

TARDIEU AND BRIAND READY TO COLLABORATE.

NAVAL POLICY ISSUE.

Paris, Feb. 20.

M. Camille Chautemps, the President of the Radicals, and one of the younger politicians, has accepted, at the request of President Doumergue, the task of forming a Cabinet. One of his first steps was to invite M. Tardieu to join his Ministry, but the ex-Premier has refused.

Later.

M. Briand has promised to collaborate with M. Chautemps, who believes that he will have completed his Cabinet to-morrow.

M. Tardieu has assured the new Prime Minister that he will support any Government which will follow the line he has adopted at the London Naval Conference.

This is the first occasion M. Chautemps has appeared to the Premier. He is 45 years of age. He did not enter into politics until after the war. At first a supporter of M. Poincaré, he changed his views and in June, 1924, joined M. Herriot's Cabinet as Minister of the Interior. He was not a member of the Painlevé Government (April, 1925), but on its reconstruction at the end of October, 1925, he was appointed Minister of Justice. When M. Briand became Premier in November, 1928, he returned to the Home Office. He was not included in Briand's later Cabinets following his failure to support the Government on M. Doumergue's financial proposals.

His Cabinet it is stated will be a "union of Republicans round the Democratic programme."—*Reuter.*

TRIBUTE TO SIR ESME HOWARD.

RETIHING FROM DIPLOMATIC SERVICE.

London, Feb. 20.

Mr. Arthur Henderson, the Foreign Secretary, has addressed a message to Sir Esme Howard on his departure from Washington where he has been British Ambassador since February 1924, in which he says:

"I cannot allow you to leave Washington on your retirement from the diplomatic service without expressing my deep and sincere appreciation of the work you have accomplished as our ambassador here. You must, indeed, be happy to feel that the relations between the peoples of the United States and Great Britain have never been more friendly and mutually helpful than they are today. This happy result is largely due, as the tributes paid to you recognise, to your personal influence and example."

"I am convinced that posterity will have reason to be grateful to you for the part you have played."—*British Wireless.*

EMPIRE CONFERENCE ARRANGEMENTS.

IMPORTANT GATHERINGS LATER IN YEAR.

London, Feb. 20.

It is understood that the Colonial Conference, at which the Governors of the various Crown Colonies will be the chief delegates, will probably be held in London in June or July.

It is expected that the Imperial Economic Conference will be merged in the Imperial Conference, the chief concern of which will be the economic rather than the political problems of the Empire.—*Reuter.*

GERMANY'S TARIFF INCREASES.

COMING INTO OPERATION EARLY NEXT MONTH.

London, Feb. 20.

The Government has authorised a levy of a new tariff on March 5, under which, the duty on raw coffee will be increased from Mks. 130 to Mks. 160 per double hundred-weight, and the tea duty will be increased from Mks. 220 to Mks. 250 per double cwt.—*Reuter.*

WAR BREAKS OUT IN HONAN.

GOVERNMENT FORCES OUTNUMBERED.

ATTEMPT TO SUPPRESS THE NEWS OF FIGHTING.

CRITICAL SITUATION.

Shanghai, Feb. 20.

Hostilities have broken out along the Lung-Hai Railway between Government forces and the Kuominchun under General Shih Yu-shan. The Nationalist forces engaged are reported to be those of the First Division (commanded by Chiang Kai-shek's most trusted commander, General Liu Chi).

It appears that the rival armies clashed unexpectedly, the Kuominchun being in superior numbers. Fighting has been going on for nearly twenty-four hours, according to private advices from Honan, and only skilful handling of the Government forces prevented a rout. The troops are now reported to be stubbornly resisting the Kuominchun onslaughts, and meanwhile, large reinforcements are being rushed to the fighting zone from different parts of the province.

Nanking Censorship.

The Nanking Government has endeavoured to suppress the news of the first fighting, placing a rigid censorship on all Chinese newspapers.

The outbreak is the first outward and visible sign of the high tension existing, and it is felt that open war between the Nanking Government on the one hand and Yen Hsi-shan and Feng Yu-shan on the other, cannot much longer be delayed.

Chiang to Move First?

On the contrary, there is reason to believe that the present intention of Chiang Kai-shek is to initiate the campaign.

It is reported, on reliable authority, that following the receipt of another cable from Yen Hsi-shan in which he reaffirms his policy of opposition to Chiang Kai-shek's governmental methods, the President expressed his intention of declaring war on Yen Hsi-shan.

At a conference held at Military Headquarters in Nanking this morning, President Chiang Kai-shek read over a long proclamation which is in the final stages of preparation and which he intends to circulate shortly.

The proclamation is tantamount, it is stated, to a declaration of war against Yen Hsi-shan.

Rebel Troop Movements.

Nanking's Intelligence department has reported that Yen's denials of troop movements are untrue. There has been a general massing of Kuominchun troops in Honan and Shensi and their movements since organisation suggest that their first objective will be the capture of Hankow.

Movements of Shensi troops and other Kuominchun troops leave little doubt that an attack is contemplated in the direction of Nanking.

The Government has ordered the Second Nanking Air Squadron to proceed to Hsuehchow, the Nationalist headquarters, to aid the commander-in-chief, pro tem, General Liu Chi, in reconnaissance work.

Hankow Fears.

Hankow, Feb. 20.

Government circles in Hankow have received report of fighting in Honan with apprehension. Martial law was declared in the city last night.

All steamers arriving in the city have been subjected to an intensive police search for anti-revolutionary agents.

Apparently a revolt of anti-Nanking troops in Hankow is feared.

Mr. Liu Wan-tao, a special Nanking envoy, arrived in Hankow this morning to discuss the situation with the leaders. He is leaving for Changsha to-morrow to obtain the support of Ho Chien for Nanking.

FORCING BED FOR BACILLI.

DOCTOR'S STRICTURES ON GAOL PRINTERY.

GROSS OVERCROWDING.

A complaint that the prison printing shop was "grossly overcrowded" was put forward by Dr. A. Cannon, Medical Officer at the Victoria Gaol, this morning, when he gave evidence at an inquiry into the circumstances of the death of Tong Pak, prisoner No. 940, who died on Thursday night, whilst serving a sentence of four years' hard labour.

The doctor said that Tong Pak, who was 35 years of age, was committed to prison on September 22, 1928, when he was sentenced to four years' hard labour for an offence under the Arms and Ammunition Ordinance. When he examined him on his admittance to the gaol, he found that he was suffering from tuberculosis and his weakness.

He was admitted to the hospital on January 7, 1930 and on the 27th, whilst motoring the Superintendent.

MR. PHILIP SNOWDEN'S BUDGET.

To Be Introduced in House in Mid-April.

London, Feb. 20.

Mr. Philip Snowden, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, announced in the House of Commons to-day that he proposes to introduce the first Labour Budget in the present Parliament, on April 14.—*Reuter.*

dent of Prisons that the man was dangerously ill.

On February 4, witness received a report from Dr. Minetti, who stated that tubercle bacilli were present, and on February 15, he notified the Government that the man could not survive his sentence, and that he was permanently unfit for prison discipline. He had been employed previously in the printing shop, and witness added to his report these words:

"It is a further piece of evidence as to the fecundity of tubercles in the 'Forcing bed' for tubercle bacilli—the printing shop."

On February 17, the Government asked him if the man was fit to travel, and witness replied: "As a stretcher case only. His condition is rapidly declining, and he is a danger to others."

The case was again submitted to the Government, who decided to transfer him to the Tung Wah hospital, but the man died before this could be done. Witness conducted a post mortem examination, and found that the primary cause of death was tuberculosis, internal tubercle, laryngitis, and the secondary cause, toxemia, which created a weakening of the heart muscles.

The New Prison.

The Coroner (Major Willson) with regard to your statement of the printing shop, do you suggest that he caught his complaint in the printing shop?

Dr. Cannon replied no, the man was suffering from it when he was admitted. The Superintendent had done all he could to modify the matter, but there was no question that the place was grossly overcrowded.

The Coroner:—Well, that will be altered when we get the new prison.

Dr. Cannon:—Yes, when! The Coroner returned a verdict of death from Natural Causes, primarily tuberculosis.

JAPANESE STEAMERS IN TROUBLE.

LARGE TEA CONSIGNMENTS BADLY DAMAGED.

Columbo, Feb. 20.

The tea chests aboard three Japanese steamers, the Nagato Maru, Shunko Maru and Bengal Maru, have all been heavily damaged by sea-water. Nearly the whole of the consignments have suffered.—*Reuter.*

SEVEN MONTHS IN CAPTIVITY.

FATE OF THREE BASEL MISSIONARIES.

BANDIT CHIEF MAKES GOOD HIS BOAST.

RELEASE IMPENDING.

"Even though they had wings, they could not escape from the trap we have set upon them," wrote Chan Tai-hwan, the notorious leader of a gang of bandits operating in the Kaying-chow District of Kwangtung, some six months ago, in the course of a remarkable letter to the Basel Mission, demanding the payment of a ransom of \$2,000,000 for the release of three members of the Mission, Messrs. Ernest Fischle, E. Walter and G. Kilpper, who were captured in August last year.

The bandit chief appears to have made good his boast. On at least one occasion, the captives have made an attempt to escape, getting free of the bandits, only to be recaptured within a few hours.

Government's Failure.

The Canton Government has made several attempts to trace the notorious gang to their headquarters in the hills without success, and finally have been reduced to the state prophesied by Chan Tai-hwan in that they have latterly been helping to raise the necessary ransom.

The missionaries have been prisoners for seven months, but at last, writes our Swatow correspondent, there is news of their impending release.

It appears that an arrangement was come to between the Government and the Basel Mission authorities by which the Chinese authorities agreed to pay half the ransom.

Ransom's Slump.

The Government then proceeded to conduct negotiations with the go-betweens of the bandits for a reduction of the amount demanded, and after many months of negotiations, the figure was brought down by \$2,000,000 to \$5,000.

The Chinese authorities paid over \$3,000 to the Mission and the total of \$5,000 was forwarded through the devious underground routes by which it would reach the bandits.

A message has been received, however, that by the time the money reached the gang, it had dwindled to \$4,500. They, therefore, were willing to release only two of the prisoners.

Messrs. Kilpper and Walter were set free and Mr. Fischle still held. Mr. Walter, however, refused to leave his colleague and it was agreed that Mr. Kilpper should return to Kayingchow, leaving his companions in distress behind.

It is stated that Mr. Kilpper will arrive in Swatow in a day or two. Our Swatow correspondent adds that steps are now being taken to obtain the release of the other two, probably a little more "blood-money" being necessary.

Not Badly Threatened.

It is understood that the captives during long months of apprehension have been comparatively well treated, and that their health has been maintained.

The sum which was finally demanded for their release is a striking reduction on the \$2,000,000 earlier insisted upon.

It is unfortunate that a state of affairs should exist making it essential for the payment of a ransom, but it is satisfactory that there is now every prospect of their restoration to liberty after so many months of doubts and fears.

Mr. Walter's determination not to leave his colleague was perhaps to be expected, but it is none the less a highly commendable act of courage.

DRUG DISCOVERY.

NO CASE MADE OUT AGAINST AFGHAN LEADER.

Paris, Feb. 20.

The Examining Magistrate has found no case for trial in regard to the drugs discovered in the luggage of Gulam Nabi Khan.—*Reuter.*

RUSSIA'S BROKEN PLEDGES.

EARL BIRKENHEAD & SOVIET PROPAGANDA.

GOVERNMENT'S REPLY.

London, Feb. 20.

In the House of Lords, the Earl of Birkenhead called attention to the resumption of diplomatic relations with the Soviet Government and asked whether the Government had found it necessary to represent to the Soviet Government or to their representative in London that there had been a breach of the conditions or the understanding upon which relations were resumed.

He referred to the recent protest, made in the House by the Archbishop of Canterbury, against religious persecution in Russia and to the Primate's desire to keep the protest apart from politics.

Lord Birkenhead declared he knew of no definition of politics which would exclude the topics with which the Primate had been concerned.

The pledge of the Soviet Government to curtail propaganda and the activities of the Comintern had been broken.

It was notorious that there had been no cessation of the energetic action against us in India or Afghanistan.

"I propose to make the most exhaustive inquiry. I have received much information which greatly increases both the gravity and the difficulty of the subject," declared the Archbishop of Canterbury, in the course of the discussion.

The Primate stated that he would again raise the matter in Parliament when his investigation was complete.

Lord Farmoor, replying for the Government, said that if any statements were made by the Comintern which rendered it necessary, in the opinion of the Government, to break off diplomatic relations with Russia, they would deal with them in the same way as if they had been made by the Soviet Government itself.

The Government did not attempt to define a distinction between those two bodies. But, in the opinion of the Government, there had been no such breach as made it necessary to break off relations.—*British Wireless.*

DARING DAYLIGHT ROBBERY.

MONEY CHANGER LOSES OVER \$3,000 IN NOTES.

The loss of a large sum of money by a money changer of 29, Canton Road was reported to the Police this morning.

The master of the shop, Ng Sam, says that at five minutes to eight this morning whilst he was sitting at the counter counting money, three men entered, one of them intimating that he desired to change some money. Whilst his attention was drawn away for a moment, from the money on the counter, one of the men snatched his hand over the counter and stole \$256-10-0d. in Australian notes and 352 Manila pesos.

Calculated on the present rate of exchange the total loss is given as being \$5,730-27.

The men left the shop and escaped in the direction of Yau-mat, having disappeared from sight before the master realised that he had been robbed.

YUGO-SLAV "REDS" IN TROUBLE.

ACCUSED OF INSULTING THE KING.

Belgrade, Feb. 20.

The trial has begun of twenty-nine Communists, comprising a doctor, two journalists, a barrister, two civil servants and several workmen, who are charged with belonging to illegal Communist organisations.

They are also accused of printing and distributing seditious tracts urging the population to overthrow the existing social order, and insulting King Alexander.

Twenty barristers, including Mile Trifkovich, daughter of the former Minister of Justice, are defending the accused.—*Reuter.*

SAD LOSS TO THE COLONY.

DEATH OF THE REV. F. C. YOUNG.

MINISTER OF UNION CHURCH PASSES AWAY.

FRIEND OF SOLDIERS.

It is with the deepest regret that we have to chronicle the death of the Rev. F. C. Young, Minister of Union Church, Hongkong, which occurred at the Matilda Hospital at 5.30 this morning at the early age of 31 years.

As is well known, the deceased gentleman was admitted to hospital early in January, suffering from pneumonia, and for some weeks grave fears were entertained regarding his recovery.

A month ago, however, he succeeded in passing through the crisis, and there seemed every hope that he would be spared. However, last week-end it became obvious that a relapse had set in, and, despite all that could possibly be done, he grew gradually worse and passed away in the early hours of this morning.

Sympathy for Window.

Although for days past anxiety had been felt regarding Mr. Young's condition, his death came somewhat unexpectedly this morning, his wife, who had been in close attendance on him throughout, not being present when he passed away. To her, the utmost sympathy of the whole Colony will be extended in her hour of grief. She married Mr. Young in England in 1926, and there is one young son, who was born in Hongkong about a year ago. The funeral takes place this evening, passing the Monument at 5 p.m.

Great Popularity.

The Rev. Mr. Young, who succeeded the Rev. J. Kirk Macdonald as Minister of Union Church, arrived in the Colony on October, 1928, and although his residence here had thus been relatively brief, he gained great popularity, especially with Service men, in whose welfare he was very keenly interested. Broad-minded in his views, he possessed that invaluable quality in a minister, the gift of making friends amongst all classes of the community. As officiating clergyman to the 2nd Battalion of the King's Own Scottish Borderers, he was a real counselor and friend to the Presbyterian members of that Battalion. He held a weekly Bible class for the children in the K.O.S.B. married quarters, and was a constant visitor to those who were sick or in trouble.

Contact with the Services.

He was also chaplain to the United Board, which embraces all Protestant naval and military men other than Wesleyans and Church of England adherents. He was indefatigable in organising all possible means of establishing contact between civilians and Service men, and social meetings to this end have been held at Union Church Hall in both winters that he has worked in Hongkong. During that summer, a Young People's Society was established, leading on during the winter to a Study Circle. He also performed regular duties as chaplain to the Government Hospitals in Hongkong.

Appreciated Ministry.

Mr. Young's ministry at Union Church was much appreciated by large and increasing congregations. His Children's Services will be long remembered by the young people, who had a rare fund of stories with which he was able to point a moral and adorn a sermon. Many thought that Mr. Young worked far too hard in view of the wear and tear of the Hongkong climate, but there was no restraining his energy and enthusiasm. He has passed away whilst in the prime of life, but his example and his work will long be remembered both in the Colony and in the Homeland.

War Service.

Born in Durham thirty-one years ago, the late Mr. Young was educated at Dumfries (Scotland) and London. Whilst he was at school at George Green, London, the war broke out, and he joined the Royal Naval Service in 1916, serving for three years with the Lighter Tugs Air Section, at Howden (East Coast, patrol) and

(Continued on Page 18.)



Peerless for the Creamy Lather

If you took up a tablet of Erasmic Soap in the dark, its first contact with the water would tell you that it was Erasmic and no other. Its wonderful creamy lather in any water, hard or soft, marks Erasmic out as supreme among all the toilet soaps in the world.

ERASMIC PEERLESS SOAP

All Chemists and Stores have Erasmic Toilet Specialities.

ERASMIC PERFUMERS, LONDON

A.T.B. 15.



PUDLO
PREVENTS
FLOODED CELLARS

Sole Agents for Hongkong & S. China
DODWELL & CO., LTD.
Hongkong.....Tel. C. 1030.

METALS

of all kinds especially for ship-building and engineering work. Complete stock. Best Terms. Immediate delivery.

SINGON & O.
ESTABLISHED A.D. 1880.

HING LUNG SI.
Phone.....Central 515

POLICE AND SWEEP TICKETS.

ATTITUDE EXPLAINED IN COURT CASE.

SINCERE CO. CASES.

Proceedings of extreme importance and interest were conducted at the Central Magistracy yesterday afternoon, in the course of which expression was given as to the attitude of the Inspector General of Police for Hongkong towards cash sweepstakes.

So Leung was charged with both possessing and selling South China Association Sweepstake tickets whilst Wong Chun-huen was charged with selling sweepstake tickets.

Mr. H. K. Holmes, Crown Solicitor, prosecuted; Mr. Horace Lo appeared on behalf of Mr. Chan Sze; and Mr. T. H. King, Director of Criminal Intelligence, watched on behalf of the Police.

Mr. Hamilton asked if the same evidence covered all three defendants, and Mr. Lo said that he did not know how the other two defendants were going to plead, but he understood that they would probably plead guilty, and that if the case against them progressed satisfactorily, the prosecution were not pressing the case against the first defendant.

Mr. Holmes said that there would be certain evidence put before His Worship to show that certain things carried on in the Sincere Building were not part of the business, and directly contrary to instructions given by Mr. Chan to show that Mr. Chan had taken every reasonable precaution against the practice of selling sweepstake tickets on the premises, and that he had issued instructions to his staff.

Koo Chik-fu, a clerk in the Police Headquarter Office, said on February 13, he went to the Sincere premises. He went to the second counter on the Des Voeux Road side, ground floor, where he saw the defendant So Leung sitting down. He asked him if he had got any South China Athletic Association race tickets for sale, and the defendant told him that the price was \$15.50 for a \$10 cash sweep ticket. He explained that the reason for that price was because the tickets were difficult to obtain. Witness agreed to buy one, and he gave him the money for it. The defendant gave him a book from which the witness chose a ticket. On February 14, witness went again to Sincere's, and on the first floor he asked another man, who was sitting behind the counter, if he had any S. C. A. Association sweepstake tickets, and the man told him to wait a few minutes. He later returned and said that they had not got any. Witness walked down to the ground floor, where he saw the defendant Wong Chun-huen and asked him the same question, and he replied "Yes," and that the price would be \$15.50 per ticket. Witness asked him to reduce it by 50 cents, but the defendant replied that he could not as that was his commission. At that time another man spoke to him and said that if witness liked to wait a few minutes he could get him one for \$10. Witness did not know this man's name, but he was dressed in European style, and had no hat. He thought he was one of the employees, as he asked witness to take a chair. He later returned with the book of two tickets, from which witness took one and paid \$15. He gave him two \$10 notes and received \$4 in change.

Cross-examined by Mr. Lo:—How did you know the tickets were to be had from Sincere's?—I was told by a friend. You saw nothing in Sincere's to the effect that such tickets were to be had?—No. Mr. T. Murphy, Chief Detective Inspector, said in execution of a warrant, on February 16, about 12.30 p.m. he entered Sincere's premises and went up to the cashier's counter on the south side of the building, ground floor. There he saw the defendant So Leung and asked him if he had any S.C.A. Association tickets for sale. The defendant asked him how many he wanted and said the price would be \$15.50 per ticket. Witness told him

he wanted 20 tickets, and defendant then produced from an unlocked drawer in the counter, a book of four tickets. He handed it to witness who retained it. Defendant then asked him to wait and after about ten minutes, a small boy came to the counter and handed the defendant another book containing five tickets of the South China Athletic Association. The defendant explained that that was all he had, and witness then disclosed his identity and called for the manager. He explained to him in English and with his consent witness searched the enclosure occupied by the second defendant, and found sweep tickets relating to the Derby, organised by two other Chinese Associations.

Cross-examined:—Did Mr. Chan readily consent to your searching the premises?—Yes.

Did he admit or deny that he knew anything concerning the tickets?—He said he had no knowledge of them.

I think he rather wanted to dismiss the two persons implicated at once?—He intimated that.

He was rather anxious that you should charge them?—He suggested that I should arrest them.

Did he tell you of any precautions he had taken against the staff dealing in sweepstake tickets?—No, I have no recollection.

Do you yourself think that he had any knowledge of these goings on?—I am afraid I cannot express an opinion.

I think he told you that last year one member of the staff was found to be selling sweepstake tickets and was dismissed?—No, I have no recollection of that. That is new to me.

Mr. Hamilton:—Does the South China Athletic Association contribute to charity?—I believe they set aside 20 per cent., but I do not know where it goes.

Policy of Company.

This concluded the evidence for the prosecution, and Mr. Chan Sze then gave his testimony, when he said that he was the manager of the Sincere Company, Ltd. He was not aware before the Police raid that sweepstake tickets were being sold on the premises. It was not the policy of the Company to allow that to be done. The Company had passed a resolution, recorded in the Minute Book (produced), a notice of which was posted up in the employees' mess room. It read as follows:—"It has come to our knowledge that a few clubs and Associations in Hongkong have recently issued cash sweepstakes and entrusted them to various agents for sale."

"Such tickets have the idea of gambling, and as this store is a place for proper business, every member of the store should keep to his duty by producing business in the interests of the Company. It is for this reason that every year in the past we have prohibited all employees from selling any cash sweepstake tickets on behalf of anyone."

"Now that cash sweep tickets have again appeared on the market, we wish to re-announce this prohibition, since some of our employees may have not known this rule. Any offender of this rule will be severely reprimanded.—By order of the Management. 24th. February, 1929."

Continuing his evidence, Mr. Chan said that last year one employee was dismissed for selling sweep tickets, and if any members of the staff were found selling those tickets they were dealt with in the same way. As a matter of fact, the Sincere Company did not make any money out of sweep tickets sold by the two defendants.

Asked if he would like to make a statement, the second defendant (So Leung) said that when the police approached him for a sweep ticket he did not realise it was an offence against the law. He asked the Court to pardon him.

Mr. Hamilton asked him how much money he made out of selling the \$10 tickets for \$15 and \$16. What was his total profit? Defendant replied that he only made a few ten cents.

The Magistrate:—Do you mean that you paid \$15 for them?—I had to pay \$15 to my friend for each ticket that I sold.

The third defendant said that he had nothing to add to that stated by the second defendant.

The Crown Case.
Mr. Holmes then addressed the Court, when he said that he thought the first question to consider was whether these race sweeps were a lottery.

In this Colony they had certain advantages over the public in England in a case such as that. He had before him a recent publication of complete Statutes, in which were a number of old cases relating to the Gaming Act, and one of them was an early case on that question as to whether a race sweepstake was a lottery. In the Act of 1892, there was no definition of a lottery given, and it became necessary to refer to the dictionary, and in that publication of complete Statutes, which was the latest publication of monumental Acts, just out, reference had been made to that point. There was the case in 1904 of Hardwick v. Lane, the facts of which were that the keeper of a public house arranged a sweepstake on a horse race to be held on his premises, and certain persons entered and paid 6d. for the tickets. Lord Almonster in judgment said then that it was beyond doubt that a sweepstake was a lottery, and that had remained so ever since. Another point of interest in the case that day was that it had come very shortly before what was probably the most notable sporting event in the Colony, namely before the Hongkong racing opened.

Mr. Holmes went on to refer to the Law Times Journal of June, 16, 1925, which dealt somewhat with the local position as to the general question of lotteries and sweepstakes. The reference pointed out that with unfailing regularity at that time of the year discussion arose as to the legality or otherwise of sweepstakes on the Derby, and while it was the duty of the high Executive authorities to enforce the law, they drew a distinction between public and private lotteries, although of course no distinction exists in the eye of the law. Save in the cases of art unions, exempted by special Act of Parliament, lotteries are illegal and sweepstakes are lotteries in essence.

Local Principles.

That was one reason which led to the adoption of certain principles by the I.G.P. regarding sweepstakes in this Colony, and the I.G.P. had done no more than was being done throughout almost the British Empire. He wished to make it perfectly clear that the I.G.P. lays down those principles, not with any idea of giving immunity or approval, but as a guide to himself.

The general principle which guided the Inspector-General was that in the case of sweepstakes he recognised that, the sporting inclinations of the general public extended far beyond the possibility of personal, active and actual participation in sporting events. There was usually wide interest in sporting events but it is impossible for more than a very few to participate. The Races were not limited to the owners and the riders and one method of sharing an interest was to indulge in sweepstakes. The idea was this. If a sporting event was initiated and managed and run by some sort of club or institution or association, they of course had the expenses, liabilities and anxieties of that event. The Inspector-General would take no action if the expenses in the case of a sweepstake in connection with that sporting event, did not exceed twenty per cent.; that was roughly ten per cent. for organising the event and ten per cent. for conducting the sweep.

Proper Control Essential.
That still left other sporting clubs and groups of people who could not organise, for some reason or other, an event themselves, but who nevertheless took a considerable interest and so they organised a sweepstake on that event. The commission or deduction allowed in that case was ten per cent. The Inspector-General of Police required this: that clubs and associations who run these sweeps will keep these sweeps in proper control and they will see that the face value—\$10 in this case—is not merely "coloured." If in fact that \$10 was merely "coloured" and the tickets were sold for \$15 or \$12 or anything more than \$10, the percentage of commission had got out of the

WHETHER USED FOR

COCKTAILS

OR ALONE WITH BITTERS
THERE IS NO OTHER BETTER THAN

KITCHNER'S

FAMOUS

DRY GIN.

OBTAINABLE EVERYWHERE
Sole Distributors:

H. RUTTONJEE & SON

15, Queen's Road.
T.F.L. C. 190.

Blood Poisoning and Eczema Expelled

By Cleansing the Blood with

Clarke's Blood Mixture

Just as good for
Rashes, Sores, Eruptions, Ulcers,
Swollen Glands, Piles, Rheumatism,
Of all chemists and dealers.

Start Cleansing Your Blood to-day.

control of the Club; and that was what the Inspector-General wished to stop. He wished to keep the sweepstakes in the proper control of the Club who must not allow them to get out of hand.

Mr. Holmes said that when a person was gambling he did not care a straw what he paid for his ticket and those who sold sweep tickets for more than their face value were merely exploiting a person's gambling spirit.

He submitted that in view of the Gaming Ordinance there was no question as to the offence of Mr. Chan. The Ordinance stated that a common gaming house meant a place being kept for the purposes of a lottery. They had to take into consideration the fact as to whether in this instance the management of the Sincere Company had taken reasonable precaution against such a lottery being carried on in the premises, and as to whether they were aware of such a sweepstake being carried on there.

The Defence.

Mr. Lo, on behalf of Mr. Chan, said his friend had made the position of the Police very clear, and he thought there could be no doubt

about it that this prosecution was a very proper one. He thought that by those means the public would know that certain sweep tickets, while sold as in the case of the second and third defendants (So Leung and Wong Chun-huen) would not be tolerated. He did not think that it was really fair, however, to hold the Sincere Company responsible for an offence of which they had no knowledge. When a member of the staff was found selling those tickets last year, he was dismissed, and a resolution had been passed by the Company and posted in the employees' mess room, showing that such a procedure would not be allowed or tolerated. Under those circumstances he asked His Worship to discharge the first defendant.

Mr. Hamilton enquired as to what position the second and third defendants occupied in the firm, and what the salary was.

So Leung said that he earned \$8 or \$7 a month, and Wong Chun-huen said his salary was between \$11 and \$12.

Mr. Chan pointed out that the lads were also provided with school in the evening, that they had board and lodging, clothes and even a

barber supplied them, which would make their salary equivalent to about \$36 a month.

Technical Conviction.

Mr. Hamilton said that it seemed to him that a technical conviction must lie in summons "A" (against Mr. Chan) but he had no intention of imposing a penalty. He could not avoid registering a conviction, but he would ask defendant to be more careful in future.

So Leung would be convicted on charge "A" and would be fined \$10 or 14 days, but as he had no evidence that he was making any commission out of the tickets, he would convict and merely caution on charge "B."

Wong Chun-huen was convicted on his charge, and fined \$10. Mr. Hamilton asked about the two tickets which were in the possession of the Police.

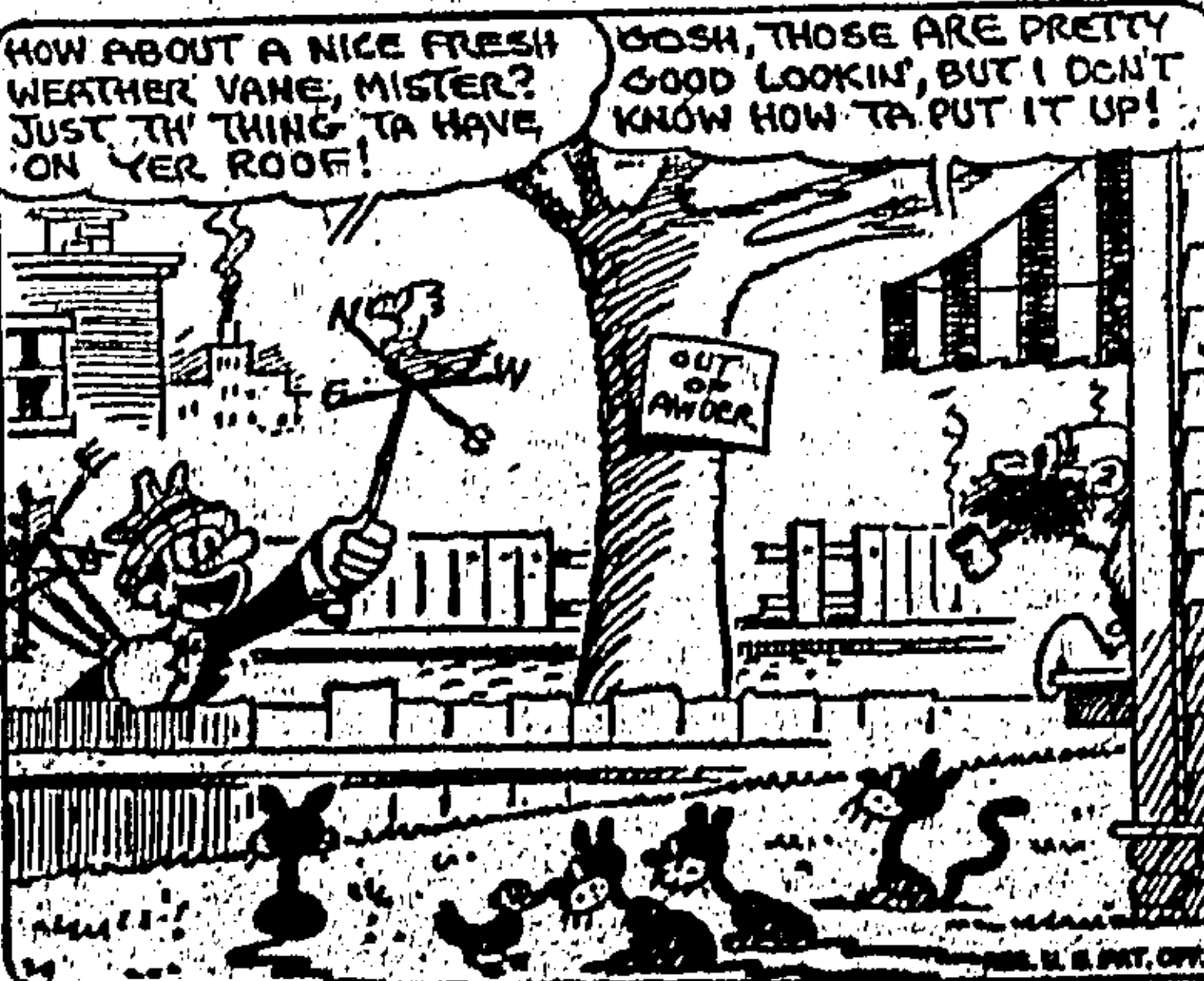
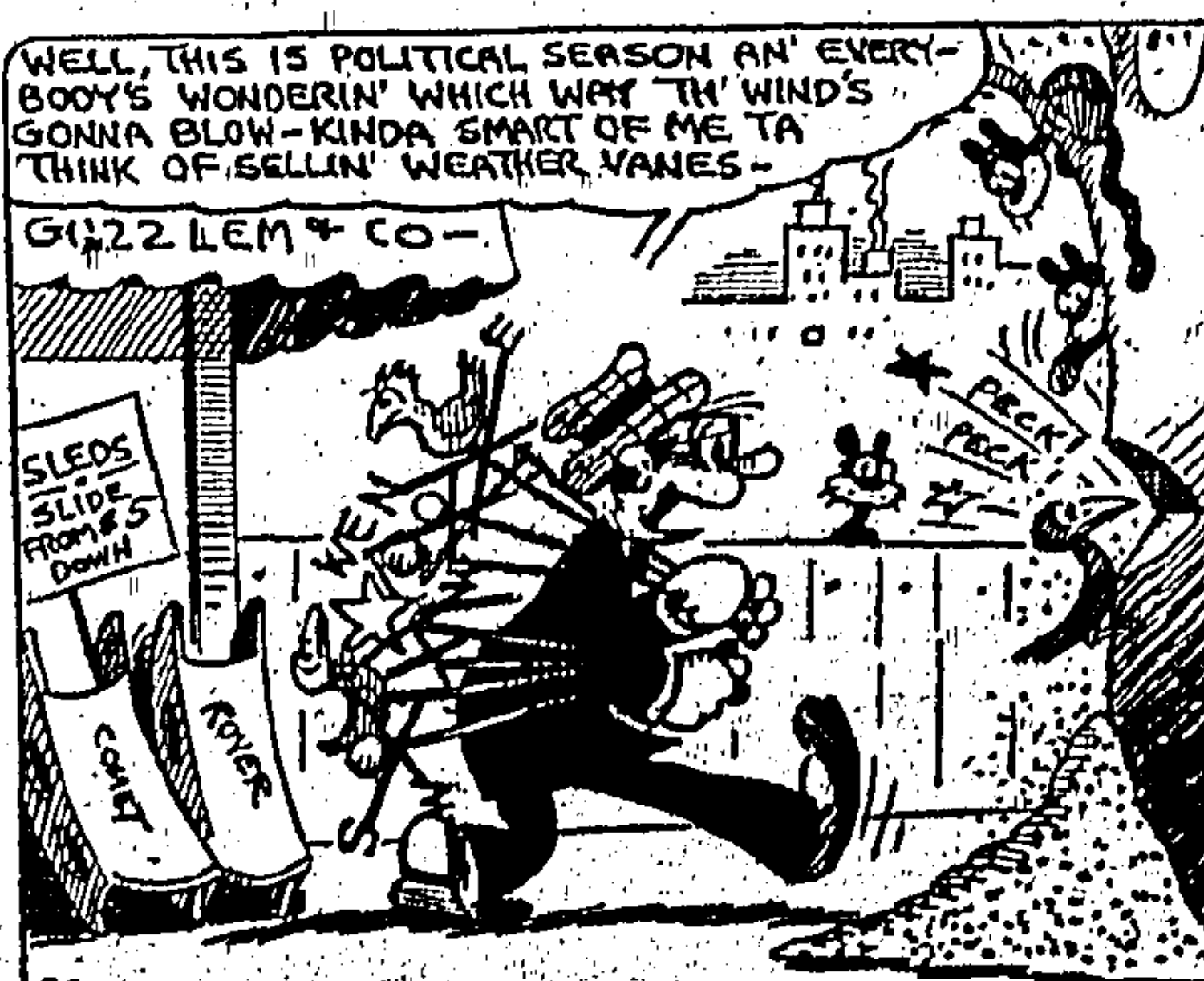
Mr. Holmes said he would much rather His Worship did not make an order.

Mr. Hamilton said that he did not see how he could do otherwise than order them to be destroyed, for he had convicted on the charges. He agreed to adjourn this decision until Saturday morning.

SALESMAN SAM

Gratis

By Small



Heat or cold —
they need "SCOTT'S"

SCOTT'S Emulsion brings health and strength at all ages of life. Contented and happy are little ones who are nourished by SCOTT'S Emulsion.



Top photograph shows the 4th U. S. Marines rugby fifteen and the Hongkong Rugby Interporters who lost to the Marines in Shanghai in an exciting game. Centre left, an action picture of the British Army v. Hongkong Interporters soccer match; middle, Takeuchi Harada and Taro Sato, Japanese Davis Cup stars, who stayed in Shanghai for a few days while en route to France; right, another picture of the Hongkong Interporters v. British Army soccer game. Bottom, players and officials of the Tientsin Interporters soccer team.



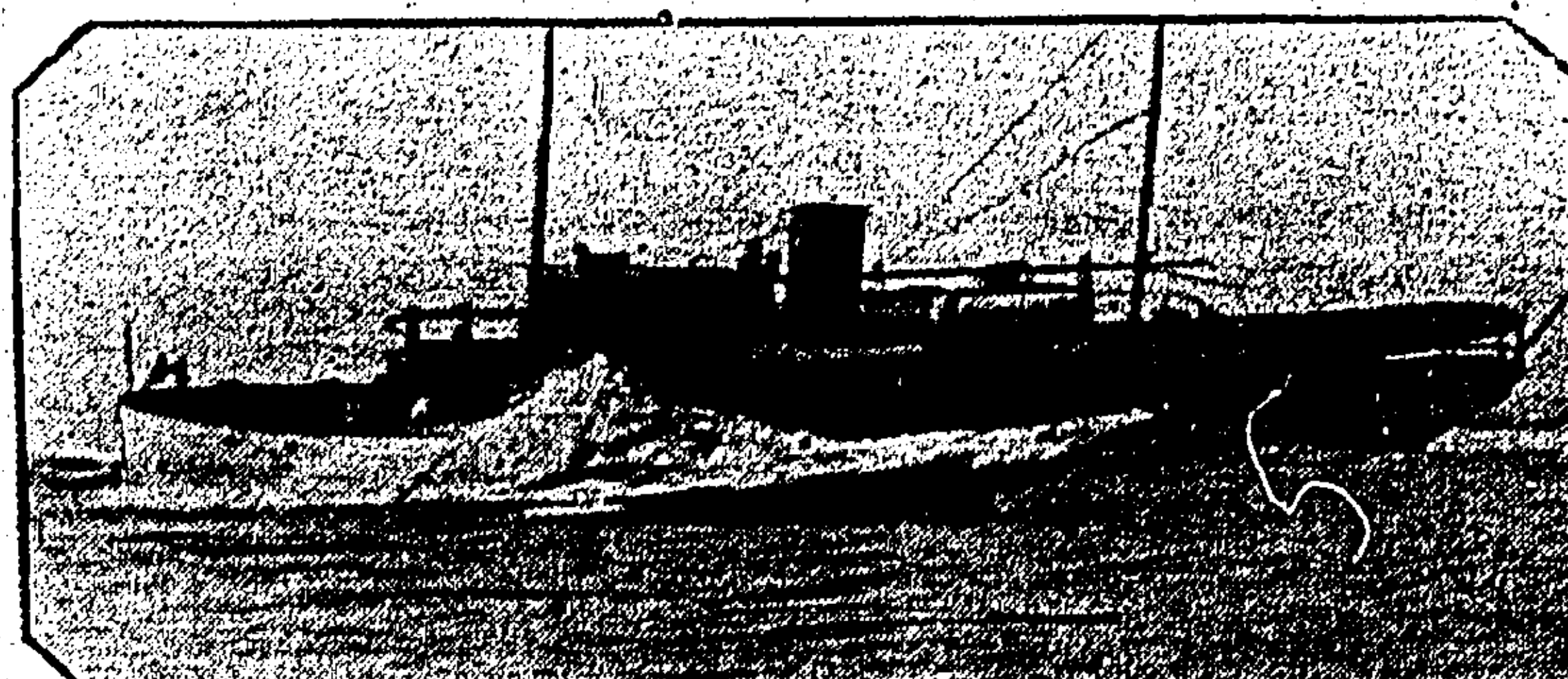
Photo taken after the wedding at Community Church Chapel Shanghai, when Mrs. Ethel G. Schoenfeld became the wife of Mr. Robert Vyryan Dent. Dr. Herbert Chatley acted as best man and the service was read by the Rev. E. W. Luccock.



A Shanghai resident, photographed at a recent paper hunt, with an aforesaid companion.



Photo taken during the recent Independence celebrations at Lahore, in the public square.



Wrecked on a reef off New Bedford, Mass., the palatial \$300,000 yacht owned by Edsel B. Ford and only recently completed is pictured above after its crew of seventeen had abandoned it on the mercy of heavy seas. Below are shown the yacht's master, Capt. Oscar Anderson (right), after he had been brought safely ashore at New Bedford. Beside him is Clifford H. Kilburn, a boat builder, who narrowly escaped death when a dory in which he was making soundings along the yacht overturned. Another man in the dory was drowned.



A Cheery "Good-Morning!"

Unlike those fortunate folk who can "sleep anywhere, at any time," most of us, if we are to rise with that cheery "Good-morning," appreciate the conditions conducive to proper sleep—one of which is surely comfortable and pleasing slumber suits.

Mackintosh's can always show you well cut and easy fitting Pyjamas in a variety of materials in weight suitable for all seasons, and in plain colours or striped designs.

Plain colour Poplin in new shades. Artificial Silk in new stripe effects and plain colours.

Light and medium flannel in smart chevron and stripe designs.

Prices range from \$8.50 per Suit. Less 10% discount for Cash.

Mackintosh's

SPECIAL HANDBAGS FOR THE RACES!

WE ARE MAKING A SPECIAL DISPLAY OF THE LATEST IN—

RACE HANDBAGS

SEE THE HORSE'S HEAD NOVELTY.

Also—

HATS and GIRDLES.

ELITE STYLES

A.P.C. BUILDING.

TEL. C. 2432.

SMART SILK COATS

FOR

THE RACES.

AT

Rolande Sarrault

3rd Floor.

Pedder Building.

For the Best LOCAL VIEWS

and

PORTRAIT PHOTOGRAPHS

Go To

MEE CHEUNG

Studio, Ice House St.

Branch 7, Beaconsfield Arcade

Whiteaways

MEN'S RAINCOATS AND OVERCOATS.

We have a splendid selection of Men's Raincoats and Overcoats in "Micholton," "Silk," "Aiden," and other popular makes. Well cut, smart shapes in Tawn and Navy, Gaborline, Light, Fanny Tweed, Heavy and cloths, etc., etc.

POPULAR PRICES.

Call and Inspect. Whiteaway, Lillay & Co., Ltd. HONGKONG.





In pre-historic days father's strong arm and heavy club were the only safeguards of childhood's years. Disease swept the world unchecked, and naught that mankind could do in its dark ignorance sufficed to save child life from its deadly ravages.

To-day how great the change! In every home where Baby's Own Tablets are kept at hand parents live in a happy sense of security for their children's welfare, knowing from practical experience that in these Tablets they possess the greatest safeguard obtainable against those disorders of the stomach and bowels which are the cause of most infantile sickness and mortality.



Father or mother-reader, have you Baby's Own Tablets ready in your home to protect your little ones' lives? If not, your chemist can supply them, or sent post free at 60 cents per vial, by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 60 Kiangse Road, Shanghai.

BIG RAILWAY SCHEMES

SOUTHERN TO SPEND £4,300,000.

Coaches with corridors down the middle, special coaches for the electrified Brighton line, new locomotives for passenger and goods traffic, new steamers on the Channel Islands and Isle of Wight services—these are some of the things on which the Southern Railway will spend £4,300,000 during 1930, a programme of development and improvement which will provide a large amount of work for British firms.

A number of lorries and parcels vans needed for road services will be constructed at a cost of £21,610, and at Dover a new Customs shed is to be put up costing £90,000.

The electrification of the lines from Dagenford to Gravesend (11 miles), Wimbledon to West Croydon (eight miles), and Twickenham to Windsor (27 miles), at a total expenditure of nearly £600,000, will, it is hoped, be finished in time for the 1930 summer services.

The Isle of Jersey and the Isle of Guernsey, the two vessels being built for the Channel Islands service will probably be sailing before Easter. They will have a speed of nearly 20 knots, and almost half of the accommodation will be for second class passengers.

New Steamers.

Two new paddle steamers for the Portsmouth-Ryde crossing will have a passenger capacity of about 1,350. Owing to the constantly increasing motor traffic between the mainland and the Isle of Wight, a third motor-car ferry vessel is being provided on the Portsmouth-Fishbourne route.

Good progress has been made with the Southern Railway's docks extension scheme at Southampton. An area of 18 acres has been reclaimed near the Royal Pier, and

SHARE PRICES.

TO-DAY'S QUOTATIONS.

The following is the list of local share quotations issued to-day:

Banks.

Hongkong Bank, \$1400 sa.
Chartered Bank, £164 n.
Moroantile A. & B., £29 n.
East Asia \$100 b.

Insurance.

Canton Ins., \$745 b.
Union Ins., \$380 b.
North China Ins., Tls. 160 b.
Yangtze Ins., \$50 n.
China Underwriters, \$170 n.
China Fires, \$340 b.
H. K. Fire Ins., \$880 b.

Shipping.

Douglases, \$25 s.
H. K. Steamboats, \$251 sa.
H. K. Tugs, \$2 s.
Indo-Chinas, (Def.) \$70 n.
Union Waterboats \$25 b.

Mining.

Benguets, \$57 b.
Kallans, 30/- n.
Langkots, Tls. 13.60 n.
S'hai Explorations, Tls. 1.30 n.
Raubs, \$14 b.
Tronohs, 21/- n.

Docks, etc.

Kowloon Wharves, \$155 n.
Whampoa Docks, \$52 b.
China Providents \$5.59 s.
Hongkwa, Tls. 196 b.
New Engineerings, Tls. 7.80 b.
Shanghai Docks, Tls. 120 s.

Cottons.

Ewo Cottons, Tls. 16.50 sa.
Orientals, Tls. 2.30 b.
S'hai Cottons, Tls. 83 (old) b.

Lands, Hotels, etc.

H. and S. Hotels, \$12.50 b.
H. K. Lands, \$65 sa.
S'hai Lands Tls. 195 n.
Humphreys, \$14 n.
Realities, \$8.40 s.
Chinese Estates \$98 s.

Public Utilities.

Tramways, \$19.60 b.
Peak Trams, (old) \$11.75 n.
Star Ferries, \$68 n.
China Lights, (old) \$19.50 s.
H. K. Electric, \$71 s.
Macao Electric, \$23 b.
Telephones \$9.80 b.
China Buses, Tls. 173 b.
Singapore Traction, 10/- n.

Industrials.

China Sugars, 75 cts. b.
Malabons, \$27 n.
Cald. Mac. Ord. Tls. 10 n.
Canton Ice, \$2.50 n.
Coments (Comb.) \$14.85 s.
Ropes \$7.85 n.
United Asbestos \$5 b.
Stores, etc.
Dairy Farms, \$22.30 sa.
Watsons, \$12.15 sa.
Der A. Wings, 80 s.
Lane Crawfords, \$3 n.
Mackintosh, \$18 b.
Sinceres, \$12 n.

Miscellaneous.

Amusements, \$28 b.
Constructions, \$1.30 b.
B'que Ind. G. Bonds, 60 n.
H. K. G. Loan 5 1/2 s. Prem.

Batavia, Feb. 20.

The Epidemiological Congress meeting at Bandoeng has decided to include Bagdad and Vladivostok in the list of ports with which the League Health Bureau has continuous connexion.—*Reuter*.

two embankments, which are the preliminaries to reclaiming a further 170 acres on the south and west sides of the area, are nearly finished. Nearly £800,000 will be spent on this work during the present year. A new quay wall and other improvements are in hand.

Newhaven and Folkestone harbours are being modernized at a cost of £50,000.

WOMAN'S WORLD

FOR OUR LADY READERS.

A Futuristic Mode.



At least in material design, is this model developed in taffeta. The full skirt is edged with ruchings of three-coloured ribbon to match the material.

The Brilliant Woman.

WHERE SHE FAILS.

So far as man is concerned, the clever woman is at a discount. That she can carry a conversation on her shoulders, or meet him on his own ground and discuss his business, simply does not cut ice. It isn't that man doesn't appreciate her brilliance. He is afraid of it.

His conception of woman is, in many respects, similar to the impression he formed when he first met her in the Garden. Man still thinks that she was provided for his amusement.

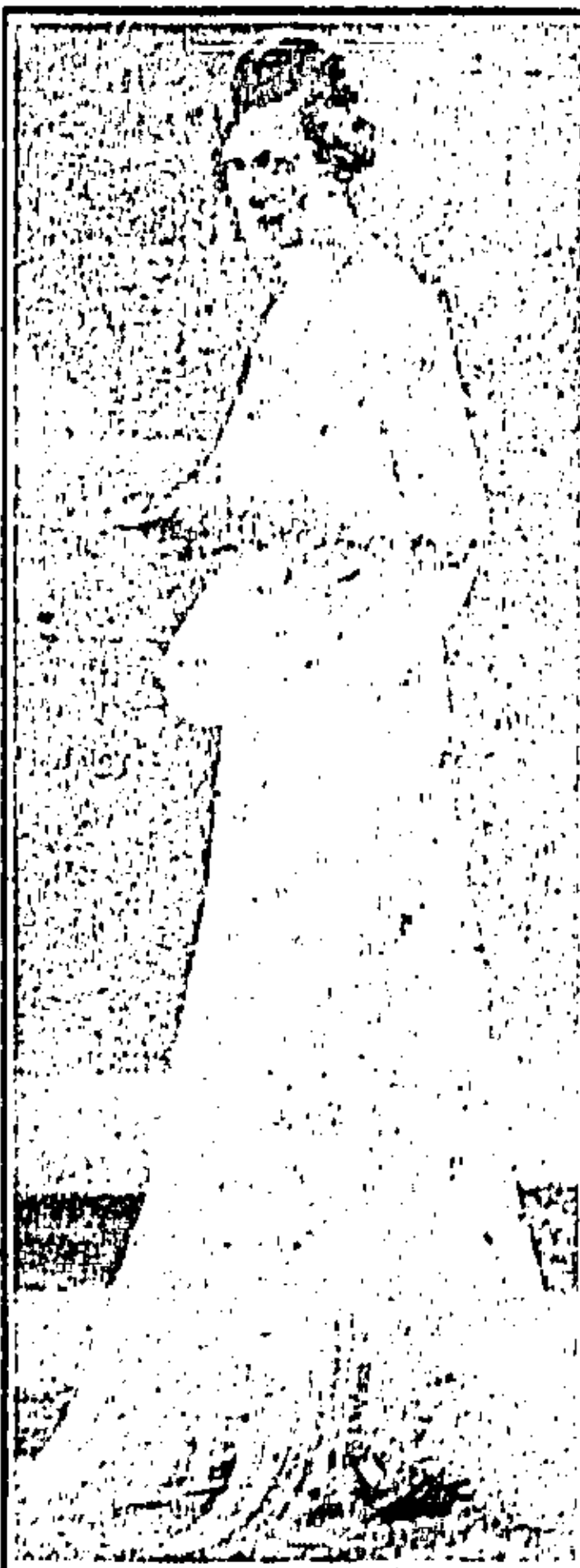
He has cherished the illusion so long, that the moment he suspects something of someone of trying to shatter it, he rises up in arms. The rising may be quite a pacific one, but it is none the less determined. He will no doubt, ask the brilliant woman for a dance, or even take her in to supper, and during that time he will find her repulsive amusing, but there is little danger of him slipping out of the safety zone and proposing.

The result of such a step is too obvious. Brilliance is all right for an odd meal, but for breakfast, dinner, and supper—well, man has been undisputed lord of creation too long to risk it.

There is a good deal more satisfaction in coming home to a scatter-brain of a wife, who will listen to the doings of the day with that isn't-my-husband-just-wonderful expression. It helps a man to keep his self-respect.

Not only that, brilliant women must inevitably be logical, and that is taking half the fun out of a man's life. It is wondering what a woman will do next that adds spice to life. It is one of Nature's inspirations, that keeps us from being hopelessly tied up in the soul-searing routine that has laid hold of the world.

Graceful Charm.



Carried out in white chiffon, this graceful gown has bell sleeves embroidered in diamonds and topaz. Suitable for a reception or wedding.

Notes from Paris.

TAILOR-MADES' AND TOP COATS.

Parisiennes are wrapping themselves up in beautiful warm coats, top-coats that is to say. These top-coats slip on so easily over the little mousseline or crepe-de-chine afternoon dress, and if it rains they take up little room under an impenetrable, which is discarded on coming indoors. There are several new materials to choose from the overcoat. There is cloth, of course, and a new woollen fabric with black silk spots on a black ground, which looks remarkably smart.

Coats are made of this with closely fitting bodices and flares in the skirt part. They are trimmed with ermine, sable, black fur, sometimes, and they are finished with all sorts of complicated strappings, pipings, and incrustations.

Much attention is paid to the sleeves of these coats. A popular idea is to cut a cuff above the elbow. Others have inserted sections, which are remarkably smart. Single-breasted coats are worn as much as the other kind, and a scarf is always added, even though a coat has a fur collar.

What Fashion Experts Have Decried.

Fashion experts have decreed that women are going to dress in a style that emphasises their femininity this season. All the new dresses are designed to accentuate this phase of dress. Day and evening frocks show full skirts, elaborated by pleats, godets and frills. Light touches

Today's Recipe.

CHOCOLATE BREAD PUDDING.

One and one-fourth cups stale bread crumbs, 2 cups scalded milk, 1-2 cup sugar, 1 square bitter chocolate, 2 eggs, 1-8 teaspoon salt, 1-2 teaspoon vanilla.

Scald milk over hot water. Let crumbs stand in hot milk for 30 minutes. Melt chocolate over the water, adding half the sugar and enough milk taken from bread and milk mixture to make thin enough to pour easily. Add to bread and milk mixture with remaining sugar, salt, vanilla and eggs slightly beaten. Turn into a buttered pudding dish and bake 50 minutes in a moderately slow oven. Serve warm with hard sauce.

of lingerie are introduced at the throat and wrist.

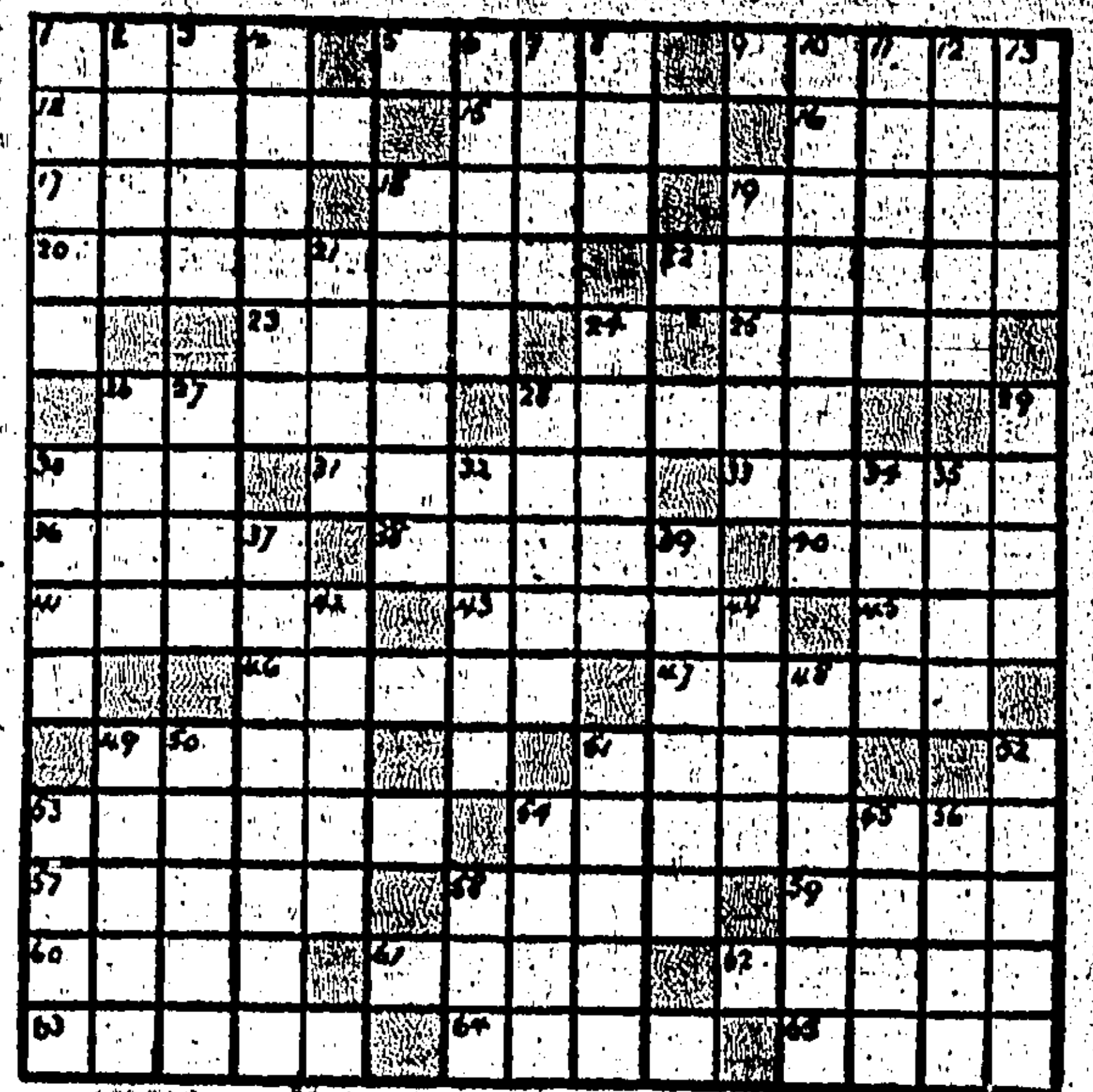
Various interpretations of the new skirt fashions are being shown by leading Paris dress-makers. And it is at last settled that they will be accepted. For the evening, they are certainly more graceful.

Some of the new evening dresses shown in Paris touch the floor, while the longest day dress is six inches below the knee.

There are some charming picture frocks in flowered taffetas and sleek dresses of printed crepe-de-chine and satin. These have usually small intricate flares let into the skirt, and elaborate panels of the same material are used as trimmings.

Hoods at the back of low chignon evening dresses are a new fashion point. It has one inconvenience, though—that of giving a woman a somewhat round-shouldered appearance.

OUR BRITISH CROSSWORDS.



Across

- 1 Footwear.
- 6 Look around.
- 9 Flight.
- 14 Slink.
- 15 Beverages.
- 16 Figures on an escutcheon.
- 17 Hoar frost.
- 18 Forehead.
- 19 Species of willow.
- 20 Debilitate.
- 22 Magnificent.
- 23 Heart.
- 25 Smooth material.
- 26 Pronounced.
- 28 Recruit.
- 30 Proposition.
- 31 Luke warm.
- 33 Long handled dish.
- 36 Amongst.
- 38 Royal.
- 40 Part of the body.
- 41 Pay a debt.
- 43 Quieted.
- 45 Next.
- 46 Distinct.
- 47 Furtive.
- 49 Particles.
- 51 Small musical instrument.
- 53 Turns away from.
- 54 Desecrated.
- 57 Bestows.
- 58 Favour.
- 59 Face.
- 60 Burden.
- 61 Remind.
- 62 Rural scenes (Painting).
- 63 Farinaceous materials.
- 64 Snatch.
- 65 Tear.

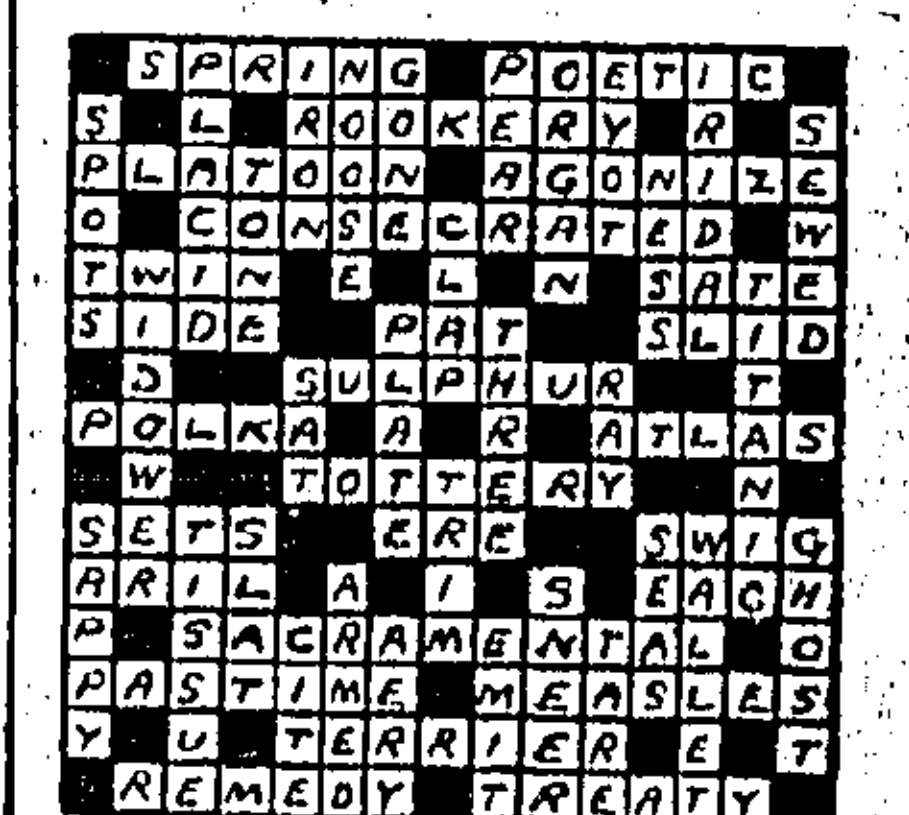
Down

- 1 Scatter.
- 2 Agony.
- 3 Top.
- 4 Liquid measure.
- 6 Card.
- 7 Plant of the lily order.
- 8 Original.

10 Building for sick treatment.

- 11 Bay window.
- 12 Ecclesiastic.
- 13 Edge of pavement.
- 18 Exchange.
- 19 Blackbird (Poetical).
- 21 Bound.
- 24 My lady.
- 27 Spruce.
- 28 Roll of tobacco.
- 29 Aperture.
- 30 Tract of land.
- 32 Merchantman's flag.
- 34 Female deer.
- 35 Entity.
- 37 Adversity.
- 39 Great number.
- 42 Trice.
- 44 Lay aide.
- 45 One who peruses.
- 46 Pertaining to sheep.
- 49 Theatrical exhibition.
- 51 Foremost rank.
- 52 Lazed.
- 53 Animated.
- 54 Read with steady perseverance.
- 55 Numeral.
- 56 Deserve.
- 58 Bar.

Yesterday's Solution.



CINEMA NOTES.

THRILL OF AEROPLANE FIGHTING.

For the first time in history the public is being given an accurate close-up view of the most fascinating field in human activity—aviation. How it feels to go soaring at blinding speed thousands of feet above the earth is being revealed to the public in "Wings" Paramount's epic of the air service in the war, now showing at the Majestic Theatre, Kowloon.

In "Wings", the spectator is seated in the plane with the pilot. He soars to the heights where the earth becomes only a dark and shapeless blotch; he rides through the hitherto unseen canyons of the clouds.

The story came from the pen of John Monk Saunders, an instructor in the United States Army Corps during the war. It was directed by William A. Wellman, who served with the Lafayette Squadron. Supervising the flying sequences were the aces of four nations—Captain S. C. Campbell, British; Ted Parson, French; Capt. Karl von Hartman, German; and James A. Healy, American. Richard Arlen, playing one of the featured

roles in "Wings" was a member of the Royal Flying Corps. Seats may be booked at Montreux's or at the Theatre.

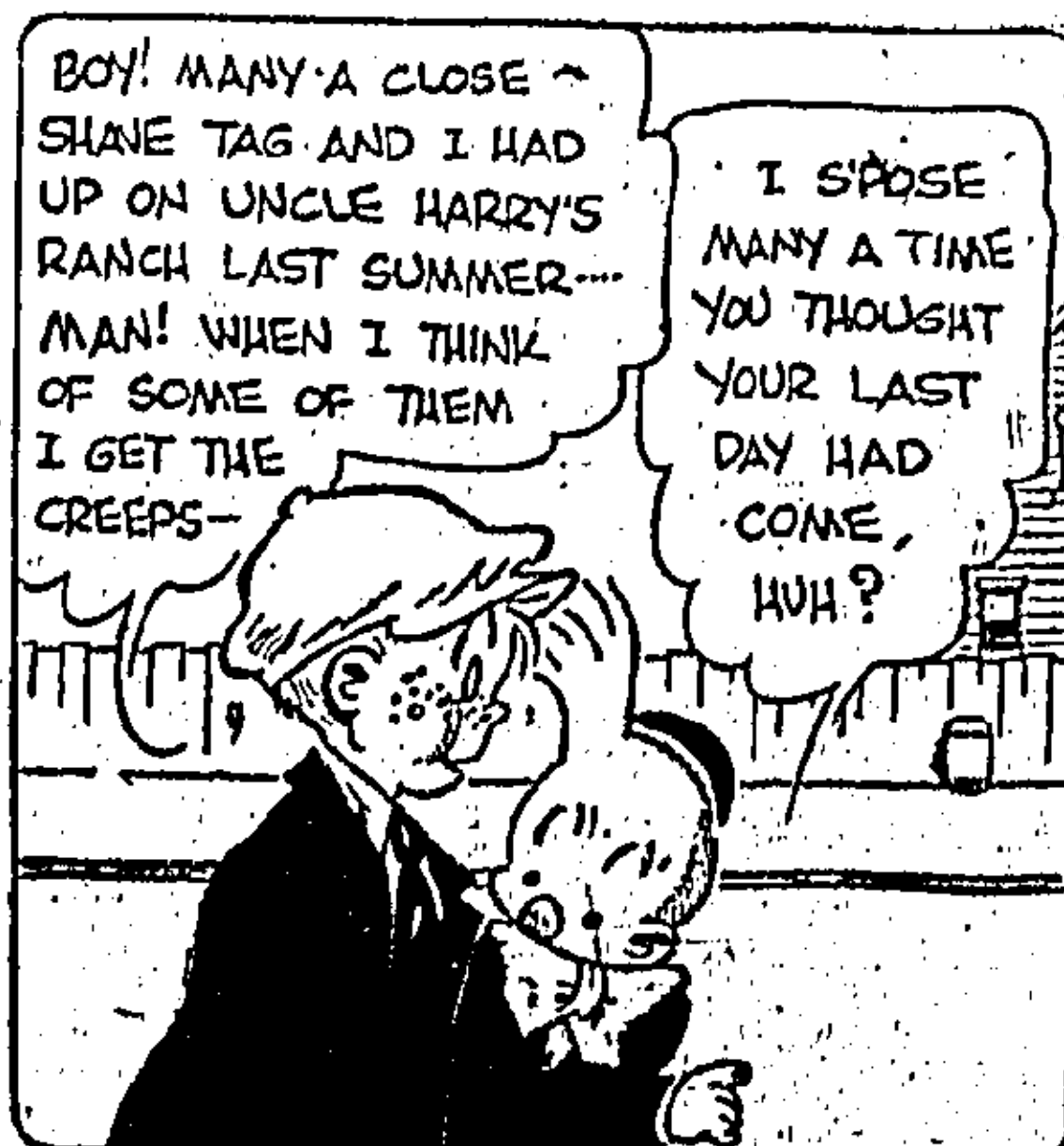
"The Bellamy Trial"

The unravelling of a murder mystery provides the theme for "The Bellamy Trial," now showing at the Queen's Theatre. Two are accused of the crime, one being the husband of the victim and the other the wife of a man who was formerly engaged to the dead woman. Practically the whole of the action of the story takes place in Court, and as may be expected, there is plenty of dramatic incident, especially when the witness and the accused are under examination. Leatrice Jay and Kenneth Thompson play the roles of the accused couple, and both are very good in their parts.

The story is well-conceived, and there is a somewhat surprising climax. Who the murderer remains a secret to the very end and it would spoil the picture for those who have not seen it if we indicated the denouement.

Although the American Court procedure is not altogether what one is accustomed to in British criminal trials, the film has been so designed as to bring out the "high spots" of the trial, whilst the occasional touches of comedy are quite good.

FRECKLES AND HIS FRIENDS



What a Time He'd Have

By Blosser

JUST RECEIVED.

A FRESH CONSIGNMENT
of **AURORAL**
COLD WATER
DYES.
IN ALL COLOURS.

THE PHARMACY
(FLETCHER & CO., LTD.)
A.P.C. Building. Tel. C. 345.

"RESORCIN"

The Hair Lotion FOR MEN.

Delightfully soothing, and contains those antiseptic and germicidal properties.

Specially suitable for this climate.

MAY BE HAD

WITH OR WITHOUT OIL

per bottle \$1.50

A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd.

"STEINWAY"

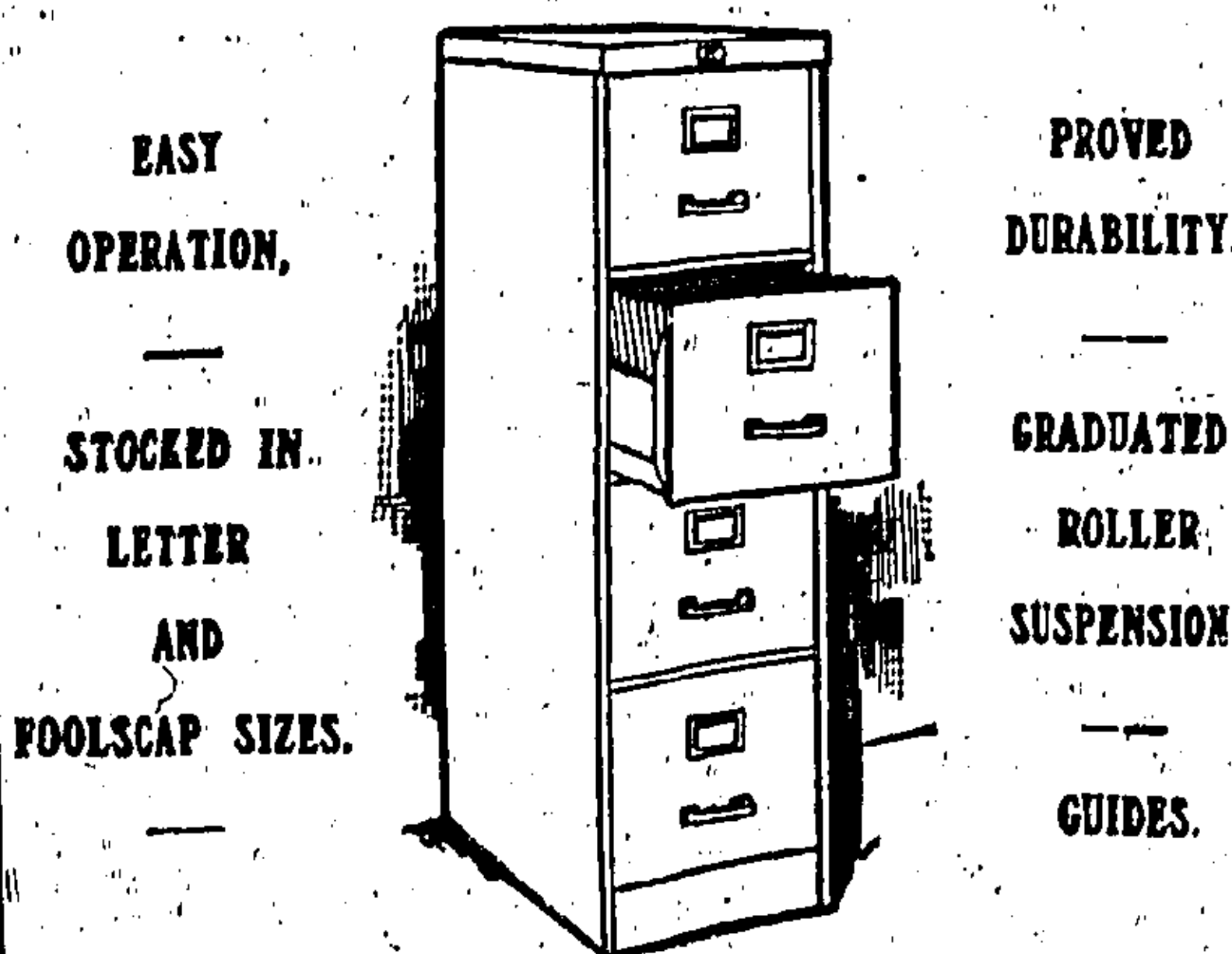
A name associated with all the
World's Great Pianists.

Let us quote you.

S. Moutrie & Co., Ltd.

Sole Agents:
Chater Road.

GF Allsteel Office Furniture

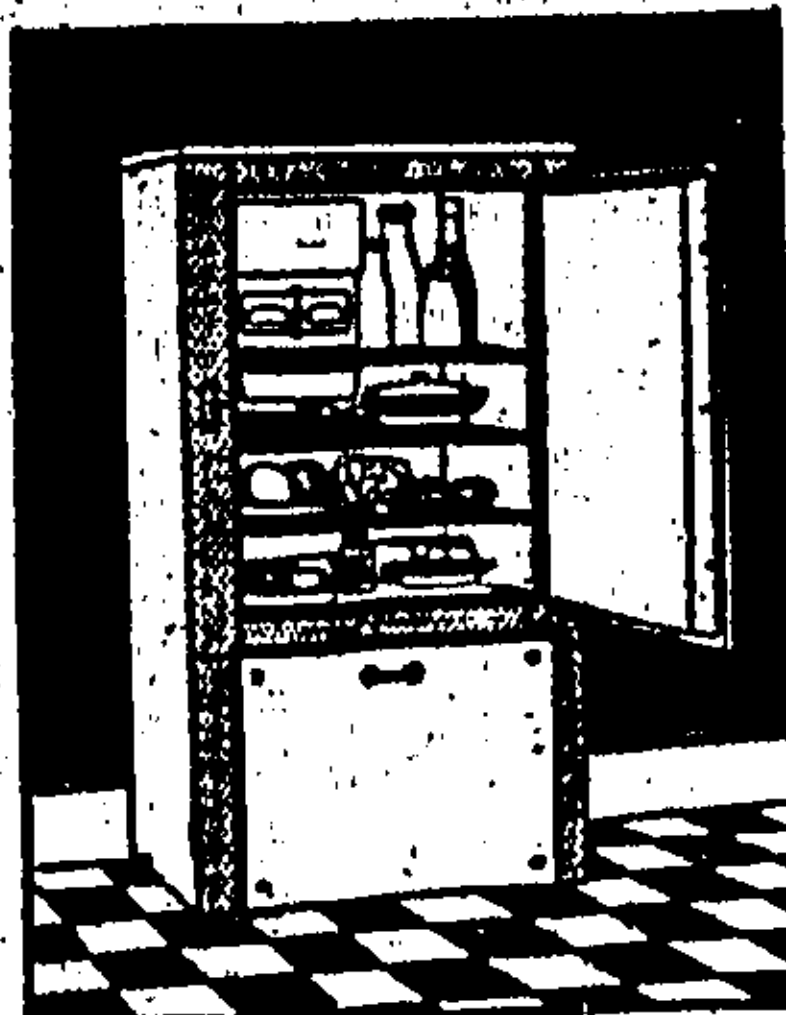


CARD INDEX DRAWERS, DESKS,
STORAGE CUPBOARDS, AND ALL
FILING SUPPLIES.

Call or Phone C. 4562.

Lane, Crawford, Ltd.

NOW IS THE TIME TO GET YOUR FRIGIDAIRE



THERE ARE DOMESTIC
MODELS OF FROM FOUR
TO EIGHTEEN CUBIC FEET
STORAGE CAPACITY.

OVER
1,000,000
IN USE THROUGHOUT
THE WORLD.

DODWELL & Co., Ltd.
Sole Distributors
HONG KONG & SHANGHAI

DEATH.

YOUNG.—At Matilda Hospital,
Hongkong, at 5.30 a.m. on 21st
February, the Rev. F. C.
Young, Minister of Union
Church, Hongkong.

The Hongkong Telegraph.

FRIDAY FEB. 21, 1930.

THE CONSERVATIVE SPLIT.

Whatever views one may hold on the practicability or otherwise of the so-called Empire Free Trade movement, it is becoming increasingly evident that Lord Beaverbrook and his supporters are causing a deal of fluttering in the political dovecotes. The fact that a Fighting Fund of £100,000 is being raised, and that by-elections and half the seats at the next General Election are to be fought, suffices to show that the leaders of the movement intend to leave no stone unturned to accomplish their aims. It is interesting to note that two well-known men have been selected as Trustees of the Fighting Fund, in which connexion it is stated that everything done will be in "full daylight." This may be taken, we imagine, as a knock to the Liberals, with special reference to the Lloyd George Personal Fund. It is becoming increasingly clear as the campaign develops that the movement is, in the main, directed against the Conservative Party, from which it is admitted that the Crusaders anticipate the largest secession. Indeed, it has long been evident that Lord Beaverbrook and those who see eye to eye with him in fiscal matters have resented both the leadership of Mr. Baldwin and the general policy of the Conservative Party on this issue. In reality, therefore, as we pointed out a couple of days ago, the development is not the creation of a new political unit so much as a breaking away of the Protectionist "Die-Hards" from the Party. One point of interest which emerges from the Conservative Press comment is the statement that Free Trade within the Empire has long been the Conservative ideal, but that it has been ruled out of practical politics. It is here that we encounter the food tax problem. Mr. Baldwin has again and again been attacked by the Protectionists in his own Party because he once gave a pledge that he would not, whilst in office, effect any change in the country's fiscal policy which in-

involved the taxation of food. He has been able to retain a considerable measure of support on this point, but it is obvious that the Empire Free Trade movement, which is an alternative name for undiluted Protection, must involve the taxation of imported food-stuffs. This is the explanation of the statement that the Beaverbrook scheme is not practical politics in the opinion of the Conservative moderates, however much they may describe it as their ideal. We can, of course, well understand and appreciate the impatience of the Protectionist "Die-Hard" with the official attitude, for if, as is stated, Free Trade is the common foe, there is no reason, unless it be one of political expediency, why the Party should not come out definitely for Protection. We fail, indeed, to see how the majority of Conservatives can refrain from joining in the new movement if they are serious in their convictions. The trouble is that the Party has temporised on the question, and it is this very fact which explains the revolt led by Lord Beaverbrook.

Whilst the Party leaders are at the moment silent on the issue, it is only in accord with expectations that the Liberals and Laborites are hostile to the new movement, and disdainful of its effects. They could wish for nothing better than the split in the Conservative ranks which the latest development implies. Especially is this so of Labour, which is now in the position of seeing the strength of its real opponents weakened by internal dissension. Further developments in the situation will be watched with deep interest in all parts of the Empire.

Nationalist Movement in Indo-China.

It is unfortunate that the growing consciousness of Nationalism in French Indo-China and the demand of the native leaders for a greater share in the administrative affairs of their country should have been manifested in the form of active hostility. Such lawless outbreaks as occurred last week at Yen Bai, Hung Hoa and Hanoi achieve nothing. On the contrary, they serve only to defeat their object. It is possible that there may be justification for grievance against French rule. Even the French would not claim that their colonial system is flawless. But reform must come naturally, by progressive steps. It is apt to be hurried by demonstrations, and certainly not by anarchy. The feeling of discontent, of course, has greatly facilitated the incitement of Communist doctrines and there is strong reason to suppose that the Third International has more than a little to do with the disturbances. Fortunately, the French have perfected a secret service system which keeps well in control any tendency towards unbridled internal reaction to Russian influence. In the last two years, four different organisations claiming to stand for native independence have been exposed, if not wholly checked. Chief among them is the Annamite Nationalist Society, organised on lines identical to those of the Kuomintang. The other three have definite Communist leanings and are regarded by the French authorities as offering a far greater menace to the peace and good order of Indo-China. Our information shows that for weeks before the disorders at Yen Bai, the Surete supervision had intensified, no day passing without arrests being made in the course of their counter-activities. Notwithstanding these measures, the revolutionary attempt on the night of February 10-11 appears to have attained the nature of a surprise. It is notable that in Hanoi, the attacks were almost exclusively directed against known agents of the Surete. The nature of the campaign will convey a warning to the French authorities, forcibly drawing the attention of Paris leaders to the strength of the Nationalist movement, and possibly lead to constitutional changes when the factions overstepping the bounds have been taught their lesson.

DAY BY DAY.

GOODNESS, LIKE THE RIVER NILE,
OVERFLOWS ITS BANKS TO ENRICH
THE SOUL AND TO THROW PLENTY
INTO THE COUNTRY.—Collier.

The exchange value of the Hongkong dollar fell to 1s. 6d. 1/16d. on demand to-day. This is the lowest on record.

Middle Odette Darty has kindly consented to sing to the sailors and soldiers at the Naval and Military M.C.A., City Hall, on Saturday night at 7.30 p.m.

Shareholders in the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation are reminded that the Bank's annual meeting takes place to-morrow (Saturday) at 11.30 a.m., at the City Hall.

THE "TELEGRAPH" ART SUPPLEMENT.

Several Official Pictures
To-morrow.

To-morrow's issue of the Telegraph Art Supplement will be more than usually interesting from the fact that it will include a number of official photographs showing H.E. Sir Cecil Clementi arriving at Singapore, as well as with Lady Clementi and others at Government House there. Another picture of interest will be a new portrait of H.E. Sir William Peel, Governor-Designate of Hongkong.

There will also be a series of photographs taken at the Interport Ride in Canton, showing not only groups of the participants, but also some of the events in progress. Other illustrations will deal with the Hongkong Marathon, the China Light and Power Co. sports, and the Rugby match between the Club and the Navy.

Two youths were recently arrested for playing football in Reclamation Street, thereby causing an obstruction, and on their appearance before Mr. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning were cautioned.

Having been banished in 1928 for ten years, a Chinese, who appeared before Mr. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning, was sentenced to twelve months' hard labour. The man had previously disobeyed the banishment order.

A special children's musical matinee is to be given at the St. Andrew's Church Hall to-morrow afternoon at 3 p.m. by Madame Anna Carol, soprano, Miss Helen K. Dinneen, T.L.A.M., pianist, and Mr. G. E. Longyear. A most interesting and instructive programme has been arranged. Tickets are \$1 and \$2, children half-price, and may be obtained at the door.

Admitting a charge of larceny of a hat and a jacket from a baker on the Empress of Asia at the Kowloon Docks, a Chinese was sentenced to six weeks' hard labour by Mr. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning. Following the discovery of his loss the baker was walking in the docks when he saw the defendant wearing the hat, the jacket being later found at a pawn shop.

The Silver Wolf, the official organ of the Boy Scouts and Girl Guides Associations, has come to hand. The Commissioner writes a very chatty letter to brother Scouts, C.H.B. continues his impressions of the World Jamboree, a Sea Scout describes the 1929 Cruise Camp, and there are some very interesting troop notes, in addition to reports of the coming of age concert, the annual meetings and results of swimming sports and banner competition.

Sentence of three months' hard labour was imposed by Mr. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning on a former fiddler of a junk, on a charge of larceny of a rifle and an anchor. The defendant was stated to have gone to sleep on the junk, having previously worked there, and the following day the rifle and anchor were missed. He was seen recently and arrested. Both articles had been sold in the country.

Convicted of a charge of larceny from a Chinese detective of a fountain pen, a Chinese was sentenced to twelve months' hard labour by Mr. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning. The defendant, who was described as a Hongkong boy, had eight previous convictions for similar offences. The defendant intimated that he would not have chosen the detective as his victim as he knew him, causing his Worship to remark that he had no doubt, he knew the detective, judging by his record.

21 YEARS AGO.

SOME EXTRACTS FROM THE "TELEGRAPH" FILES.

The following extracts are from the Hongkong Telegraph for week ended February 20th, 1909.

The rate of the dollar on demand was 1s. 8 3/4d.

At a meeting of the committee appointed to consider establishing a University in Hongkong, H.E. Sir Frederick Lugard, the Governor, said he looked to the Chinese to provide the bulk of the funds.

The half-yearly report of the Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Co., Ltd., showed a net profit of \$261,981. A dividend of 8 per cent. was recommended.

At the annual Race Meeting, Mr. Buxey's Little Gem Rose won both the Derby and the Champions, the former in the record time of 3 min. 10 secs. Mr. Burkill was the jockey.

The Hongkong Hotel Co., Ltd., notified its intention of increasing the capital of the Company to one million dollars by the creation of 3,000 additional shares of \$50 each, to be offered to shareholders in the proportion of two to three.

ENJOYABLE CONCERT.

HELENA MAY INSTITUTE MUSICAL.

Mrs. Sanger, one of Hongkong's best-known and most talented vocalists, was responsible for the arrangement of the programme at last evening's Musical at the Helena May Institute. The fare provided was all that could be wished, there being a happy mixture of vocal and instrumental items.

The event was noteworthy for the appearance of a newcomer in Mrs. Reinshagen, who possesses a charming voice, though somewhat lacking in volume. However, it suited the songs which she rendered, five in number, all of which were sung with much artistry. Mrs. Sanger herself contributed some delightful numbers, one of which was by Mr. George Grimbly, who accompanied her with his accustomed skill, as he did also for Mr. Li Chai-chi, who was in fine voice and gave much pleasure with his French and Italian songs.

Mr. John Braga was brilliant in his violin solos, whilst the trio for piano, violin and viola, by Mr. Braga, Miss Carrie Braga and Miss Jean Braga was greatly enjoyed.

The whole concert was a great success, reflecting the utmost credit on organiser and performers alike.

WOMAN HAWKER'S STORY.

SOLD DAUGHTER TO GET LICENCE MONEY!

Appearing before Mr. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning, following the arrest of her small daughter on a charge of hawking without a licence, a Chinese woman told his Worship a story of having been victimised of "several tens of dollars" by a man who had volunteered to get her a licence.

The woman said she had two children and when the man had approached her with the offer that he would get her a licence she had sold one of her daughters, on the man's advice, to obtain the necessary money. After the man was handed the money, he disappeared without getting the licence.

His Worship intimated that that had nothing to do with the case. She had no right to send her daughter out to hawk, but he remanded the case for further enquiries.

EXCHANGE RATES.

London, Feb. 20.	
Paris	124.255
New York	4.89
Brussels	34.806
Geneva	25.105
Amsterdam	12.124
Milan	92.84
Berlin	20.365
Copenhagen	18.12
Oslo	16.185
Vienna	24.505
Frankfurt	104.4
Hamburg	103.4
Madrid	79.05
Lisbon	103.25
Athens	276
Bombay	1/527/32
Buenos Aires	42.5/16
Shanghai	1/11/4
Hongkong	1/6/4
Yokohama	2/0/9/32
Silver (spot)	19.15/16
Silver (forward)	19.11/16

The Very Idea!

ASTOUNDING scenes were witnessed outside a Staffordshire theatre recently when a touring hypnotist, as the outcome of a £200 challenge, prepared to bury a hypnotised girl eight feet deep and allow her to remain buried for half an hour.

A crowd of over 2,000 persons surged around a pile of waste ground to witness the spectacle. The steel coffin was about to be lowered when a large body of police intervened and prevented the interment. The crowd howled defiance at the police when it saw the likelihood of losing a free show but order was eventually restored.

The hypnotist agreed to cancel the experiment saying that if he were arrested he would have to prove that the girl was in danger and "that would take a lot of doing."

The girl was annoyed and said that she would not have minded being buried for two hours.

"Now, don't forget, Bill—your father's gone away for three weeks, not 21 days."

Some more examination howlers: Q—Write a sentence containing the expression "cool and collected." A—The man was cool before the explosion but unfortunately he was collected afterwards.

Q—Describe the hardships of the Crusaders on their way to the Holy Land. A—Many of them died of salvation.

Q—Explain "sarcasm." A—When I say "God bless teacher."

Q—For what are the following dates important: 55 B.C., 1066 A.D., 1485 A.D.?

A—55 B.C.—Julius Caesar was born.
1600 A.D.—Julius Caesar landed in England.
1485 A.D.—Julius Caesar died.

Sergeant: "What is the first thing you have to do when cleaning your rifle?"

"Look at the number."
"What has that to do with it?"
"It's to make sure I'm not cleaning someone else's."

"You know that one of these 'children' is a young woman of 24?" a man was asked at Kingston County Court recently. "Well, she is such a sweet young thing, and wears such a short dress!" he replied.

A Southern husband—My wife tears my trousers to shreds as I go out at night.

"I can't see your face, it is hidden by your elegant hat," said a solicitor at Kingston County Court to a handsome girl witness.

A man who was granted legal aid at the Old Bailey said he had not enough money to pay for a "dock brief." He added, "I have only 80s. to keep me in board and lodging when I get off."

A shopkeeper who had difficulty in getting his accounts displayed the following notice in his window: "Man is dust. Dust settles. Be a man!"

It is advertised that the Exchange Banks will be open for the transaction of public business at 9.30 a.m. on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, February 24, 25 and 26 and will close at 12 noon.

WHO WAS.... SYLVESTRE BONNARD?

Not every book written by Anatole France would find a place on the family bookshelf, but "The Crime of Sylvestre Bonnard" is one which may safely be placed there.

It is one of the great artist's most tender and delightful stories, telling how an elderly scientist, kind-hearted and utterly respectable, nearly found himself imprisoned on a charge of abducting his little orphan friend, Jeanne.

A bachelor, a misogynist, and dreamy, absent-minded soul, M. Bonnard was nevertheless deeply attached to the daughter of a dead friend, and when he found that she was unhappy at her school the simple old creature thought it the only natural and proper thing to take her by the hand and walk out with her through the front door, for which action he was promptly called to account by the law.

Fortunately for the pair, Jeanne's guardian, whose one virtue appears to have been that he timed his misdeeds very opportunely, chose that same time to decamp with his ward's entire fortune, an act which made Sylvestre, her legal protector, so that everything arranged itself for the best possible, as the French would say.

ARMED ROBBERY REPORTS.**POLICE SAY ONLY HALF ARE GENUINE.****"BOYS" DECEPTION.**

A premeditated attempt to steal a jewel box containing \$49 in money, and one gold pocket watch and chain, the property of Mrs. Mok Hing-ku, was described by Detective Inspector Fallon before Mr. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning when a "boy" formerly in the complainant's employ was charged with larceny.

The defendant pleaded guilty. According to the prosecuting officer, at 11.30 p.m. on the 19th inst., the defendant, who was on the ground floor of the house in Homantin, awaiting his master's return, raised the alarm of having been held up by an armed robber who had pointed a revolver at him. The robber was alleged to have gone out into the garden after having stolen the jewel box and to have bound and gagged the defendant.

Continuing, Detective Inspector Fallon said he went to the house and arrived at the conclusion that the defendant was not telling the truth, notwithstanding the fact that he persisted in his story. He was detained, being not only regarded with suspicion by the police but also by his mistress.

It was not till sixteen hours after the report, that the man admitted that he had himself stolen the jewel box and had hidden it on the ground floor for disposal at a more convenient time. He had tied himself up and then pretended that he had been secured by the robber.

Detective Inspector Fallon intimated that if it had not been for the defendant's mistress also suspecting him, the report would have gone down as an armed robbery and the affair would never have been cleared up. It was the invariable custom of employers of servants to show great reluctance in accusing their own servants. It was also mentioned that many of the reports of armed robberies were not genuine, in fact, the officer said he could safely say that about 50 per cent. of the reports of armed robberies were false.

His Worship said he thought the theft was aggravated by the defendant tying himself up to give the impression that an armed robbery had been committed.

Detective Inspector Fallon mentioned that the report had given the police considerable trouble. In cases of serious crimes like armed robberies, about 50 policemen were called out, the reserves at all stations, being required to conduct searches on the roads.

The defendant was sentenced to three months' hard labour.

PARACEL ISLAND DEPOSITS.**CANTON GOVERNMENT TO EXPLOIT.**

Canton, Feb. 20.
A resolution passed at the 24th meeting of the Provincial Council attended by His Excellency General Chan Ming-shu, Messrs. Fan Kee-mo, Kam Tsang-ching, Tang Yin-wah, Hsu Sung-ching, Tsang-hin, Lo Man-chong and Sun Hi-man, is to the effect that the Provincial Government will undertake the exploiting of the guano deposits in the Parcel Islands.

The resolution reads:—"That the proposal of the Department of Reconstruction to exploit the guano deposits in the Parcel Islands at the expense of the Provincial Government together with outlines and schemes, be adopted and accordingly carried out."—Our Own Correspondent.

TWO LOCAL DOCTORS SUMMONED.**"CAUTIONED FOR MOTOR OFFENCES.**

Two local medics were among the defendants who were summoned for motor offences before Major C. Willson at the Central Police Court, to-day.

Dr. J. W. Anderson, of Alexandra Buildings, admitted having left his car outside a shop in Queen's Road Central, and was cautioned.

Dr. C. H. Burton also pleaded guilty to a summons for obstruction in Podder Street.

Inspector Alexander said that Dr. Burton's car was just off the stand, which was apparently full.

Major Willson:—There is rather a shortage of accommodation there?

Inspector Alexander:—Yes, your Worship.

Major Willson (to Dr. Burton):—Cautioned as well.

VENDETTA BEHIND NEW PARTY.

(Continued from Page 1.)

walls within the Empire, continued the speaker, was a wasteful one in that the primary industries in the Dominions particularly were being sacrificed to subsidise new and struggling manufacturing industries in these Dominions. The economic effect of the import tariff barriers which had been raised in the Dominions was bound to react unfavourably on the exports of the Dominions' primary products in that a competitive level for Empire products was not possible unless the ships which carried the products of the Colonies and Dominions, carried on their outward journey the manufactured goods of Great Britain which through years of experience she was in a unique position for supplying at cheaper prices.

Even with the aid of high tariffs, few of Australia's manufacturing industries were prospering. A scheme of Empire Free Trade would do away with artificial barriers against Empire goods and lead to each unit of the Empire concentrating on the products for which she was most fitted.

The Other Side.

The Rev. Frank Short, leading for the negative, said that properly the motion should read "that this meeting is in favour of Free Trade within the Empire, but understanding by that the necessity of preferential tariffs or some other form of tariff against imports from countries other than Empire units." It would be easy to reproduce all the old arguments in favour of Free Trade. One recalled the pictures of the breakfast table of the working man, and of the loaf steadily rising in price.

Every argument which had been in the past put forward in favour of Free Trade and against the imposition of tariffs, which the resolution implied, held good today. Any policy which interfered with competitive trade and the free and unfettered movement of goods was bound to affect adversely the proper level of prices, and was a short-sighted policy.

Economic Unit.

Continuing, the speaker asked "What is the economic unit in the world to-day?" There were those who claimed it on behalf of a single nation, and those who pointed to the federation of British peoples known as the British Empire. He suggested that modern history discounted either view. There was no economic unit in the world to-day smaller than the world itself. If one followed modern movements in economic theories and economic conferences held in connection with the League of Nations, one would find that there was not a single such Conference since the War which had not favoured free trade. And these Conferences were not attended by cranks, but consisted of people who had a greater view of the world than those who looked merely to the economic development of a single unit.

The old cry of aggression for aggression's sake was gone, but it was increasingly recognised that the weapon of economic advance was taking its place as the chief danger to the peace of the world. The energies which were being devoted to the furtherance of tariffs in favour of Empire trade would be better devoted to furthering improvement in the real prosperity of the world.

The Ideal.

Mr. E. R. Price, seconding Mr. Jeffreys, agreed that world-wide free trade was the ideal to work for, but so long as other countries had not come into line there was no need why Great Britain should be the dumping ground of the world. Under the growing pressure of America's expansion, Great Britain was being faced with two alternatives (1) linking up with other Continental countries in the organisation which M. Briand had envisaged as the United States of Europe,—a Europe welded into a solid political and economic block with unified institutions, a common currency, an official common language, internal Free Trade, and a tariff against the rest of the world. How much more likely to succeed than this was the second alternative, viz. a United States of Britain, where a common language already existed, together with common traditions, common ambitions and a common loyalty.

The future prosperity of the Empire rested upon the economic unity of the whole, and in the critical months between now and the end of the Imperial Conference to be held later in 1930, Britain was called upon to decide whether it would be the heart of the greatest economic organism the world had ever seen, or the acquiescent appendage of an eastward-looking Europe.

Mr. S. A. Gray seconding Mr. Short, said that the weak point of

U.S. MISSIONS AND EXTRALITY.**IMPORTANT POINT RAISED BY SURRENDER.****MOTORING FATALITY.**

Washington, Feb. 14.
The State Department may soon be compelled to rule as to whether Americans individually can surrender their treaty rights in China, especially the right of extraterritoriality, it was indicated to-day.

Much speculation has resulted in this connexion, from dispatches reporting that Mr. A. N. Smith, an American missionary whose automobile killed a Chinese in Kiangsu province, had surrendered himself to Chinese authorities at Tungchow.

The State Department declined to comment, except to say that a full report of the facts has been requested from local consular authorities.

No definite ruling on this important point has ever been made, it was pointed out. Home authorities have previously maintained that the Government of the United States is compelled to insist upon retention by the individual of his treaty rights, regardless of the desires of the parties concerned.

It was recalled that the question came to the fore four years ago when a conference of missionaries at Tientsin brought up the point that many desired voluntarily to renounce extraterritoriality. J. V. A. MacMurray, American Minister at that time, is understood to have conveyed to the missionaries informally that it was felt that their desires could not be realized, due in part to the extreme difficulty of operating a system under which some Americans would be entitled to American protection and subject to American consular courts and others would be without such status.—United Press.

Lord Beaverbrook's scheme for Empire Free Trade lay in its treatment of the attitude of the Dominions towards the scheme that, in return for a tax on foreign food they would admit Britain's articles free. He failed to produce evidence that they would be willing to make the concession, and on the other hand he admitted that taxes on "key industries" goods and taxes for purely revenue-raising purposes would have to remain. Far from binding the Empire together, the Beaverbrook policy would destroy the Empire by destroying the foundations of that full-self-government upon which it had been built. Lord Bledisloe, one of the greatest authorities on farming in Britain, had said "I have studied Lord Beaverbrook's appeal with the greatest care, and I remain utterly unconvinced. Whoever might conceivably benefit, the British farmer in the time of his greatest need, which is to-day, would certainly not." One had to go beyond mere sentimentality in studying this question and consider whether the scheme was practicable. The greatest minds in Great Britain to-day were convinced that it was not.

After speeches from the audience, and summing-up by the Chairman the vote on the motion was announced as follows:
For 19
Against 21
At the conclusion of the debate, Mr. J. H. Hunt announced that Mr. P. S. Cassidy, on account of his work on behalf of the Literary and Debating Society, had been elected Vice Chairman of the Association for the current year.

JAPANESE COOK FINED.**RIFLE AND AMMUNITION CONFISCATED.**

A charge of being in possession of a Winchester repeating rifle and 237 rounds of ammunition was brought against the Japanese cook of the Taiko Maru before Mr. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning.

The defendant stated that he had brought the arms to Hongkong for a friend, but they had not been taken delivery of, although it was twelve months ago that he first brought them here.

According to Detective Sergeant Humphreys, the arms and ammunition were found concealed under the defendant's bed boards prior to the ship's departure on January 23. The police were not taking a serious view of the charge and merely asked for a nominal fine.

It was intimated that the defendant was not arrested at the time because it meant delaying the ship, and the Minister for Sweden was on board.

A fine of \$50 was imposed and the rifle and ammunition confiscated.

ATTEMPTED SALE OF TWO BOYS.**COOLIE AND MARRIED WOMAN CHARGED AT KOWLOON.**

Two charges relating to the attempted sale of two small boys were brought against a coolie and a married woman of 100, Aplu Street, Shamshulpo, on their appearance before Mr. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning, the case having originally been taken before Mr. Hamilton at the Central Court.

The defendants were alleged to have taken part in a transaction, the object of which was to transfer the possession to another person of two small boys, one of whom was stated to be three years old and the other seven, for a valuable consideration. The second count was similar in wording to the first charge, but the transaction was made with a different person to the one named in the first instance.

Inspector John Murphy made an application for a week's formal remand and intimated that the Crown Solicitor would be prosecuting. The case was adjourned for one week.

FINED FOR THEFT.**SHOPKEEPER WHO WAS VICTIMISED.**

A charge of larceny having been preferred against the Chinese who was remanded yesterday on a charge of obtaining \$1 by false pretences, the man was fined \$10 on conviction by Mr. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning.

The defendant was alleged to have borrowed \$1 from a shopkeeper on the strength of ordering a consignment of vinegar. After the defendant had left the shop, he had attempted to run away.

At her recital, at the Theatre Royal on February 24th, Mlle. Odette Dathys, of the Opera Comique, Paris, will wear four Paris creations showing the styles to be adopted for next year.



"Ach, on such a beautiful day I would like to be back in a bergation."

THE CALL OF THE OPEN AIR.**WHY PEOPLE DO NOT GO TO CHURCH.****A SPORTSMAN'S VIEW.**

At the Victoria District Conference on Wednesday afternoon, a sportsman's view of Church problems was given by Mr. Harry Owen Hughes in the course of an interesting contribution which he made to the discussion.

Mr. H. Owen Hughes said:—I have been asked to say a few words from the point of view of the younger generation, who probably hold the same views as myself. I wish to say, however, that I have no authority for my ideas, which are my own and may or may not be held by others.

Christ did not go to football matches. He and the Disciples did not play cricket or any other organised game by the Sea of Galilee simply because these games did not exist in those days.

Otherwise we may be very sure that Our Lord would have interested himself in them at least as a spectator, because one of the reasons for the success of his ministry on earth, although perhaps not evident until afterwards, was the fact that he did take notice of all forms of activity of the people amongst whom he lived, and it is certain that if sport had held the public interest then as it does now, Our Lord would have provided some useful lessons from it for the consideration of those who paused to think.

Christ and Sport.

The evolution and progress of our present civilisation has, by various steps and processes, given to games and athletic culture a prominence which they have never hitherto held in the thoughts and interests of the whole world.

For many, they form the source of livelihood, and I am sure that in many directions games would have received the entire sympathy of Our Lord. As regards professionalism he might have had some comments to make, and no doubt he would have had something to say on the subject of 2-1 the Field.

However, I do not wish to dwell on this side of the question: Let us rather consider the attitude of those who have their games as a recreation after work. Modern life compels us to live at high pressure and high nervous tension, though we may not be aware of the fact having known nothing else, and I think that possibly nature may be responsible to some extent for developing more strenuous recreations to match. At any rate the fact remains that we have adopted these energetic pastimes.

The majority of people (of the generation and classes about which I speak) have to spend their days at an office, desk or standing by machinery, and when their day's work is over they feel the need of physical exercise rather than sedentary relaxation. The exercise, whatever it may be, revives them physically and mentally far better than sitting down and reading would. Try it for yourself. When they do prefer to read, more often than not the choice falls to something light and easy to digest inwardly. Materialistic Age.

In consequence, the daily routine of our age does not allow for thought. This is a materialistic age and cogitation and meditation, with few exceptions, are reserved for those who are not engaged in materialistic endeavour.

Assuming that my remarks represent a true state of affairs, let us consider the point of view of those who lead the normal life.

During the week they work hard, harder than those of former generations, at least from a nervous point of view. They may or may not have the opportunity to play hard during the week as well. Their mode of life is generally as healthy and wholesome as circumstances permit, but in the pursuit of the material they are not conscious of the need for spiritual aid.

That, I think, is the great difference between this and former generations.

Call of Open Air.

The spiritual side of life has become submerged in the material. Consequently people do not go to Church. They hear the call of the open air louder than the peal of Church bells and their beings crave more for country lanes and golf courses than for pews and discourses.

They do not see a doctor unless they need one, but when the necessity arises doctors are available. In the same way Churches are there for when they want them.

Some people do feel the necessity of attending Church regularly. Others do so at long or short intervals, and others not at all.

And yet I know of many individuals who never attend divine service, and I am quite certain that they lead far more truly Christian lives than a great many

POWELLS

10, Ice House Street.

**New Styles**

Now Showing

in
Glyn & Co's.44, Old Bond St.
London, W.**Soft Felt Hats**

There are many nice Shades of Grey, Brown, Drab, Fawn, Silver and Biscuit in either the smart set brims or turn down—for the man preferring a more negligé Style.

Prices from \$13.50

(Other Quality \$11.50)

INSPECTION INVITED

DAIRY FARM NEWS.**Week-end Speciality.****ROYAL CAMBRIDGE****SAUSAGES.****80 cents per lb.****DON'T MISS THIS TREAT.****The Dairy Farm Ice & Cold Storage Co., Ltd.****Now Showing****A Special Selection****OF****MILLINERY****AND****DRESSES****FOR THE****RACES**

KAYAMALLY BLDG.

ENTRANCE GORDON'S

COLUMBIA.**A NEW CABINET MODEL**

MEETING THE NEEDS OF THOSE DESIRING

SOMETHING BETWEEN

THE TABLE GRAND AND LARGE CABINET

DOUBLE

SPRING

MOTOR

ALL

FITTINGS

NICKLE

PLATED

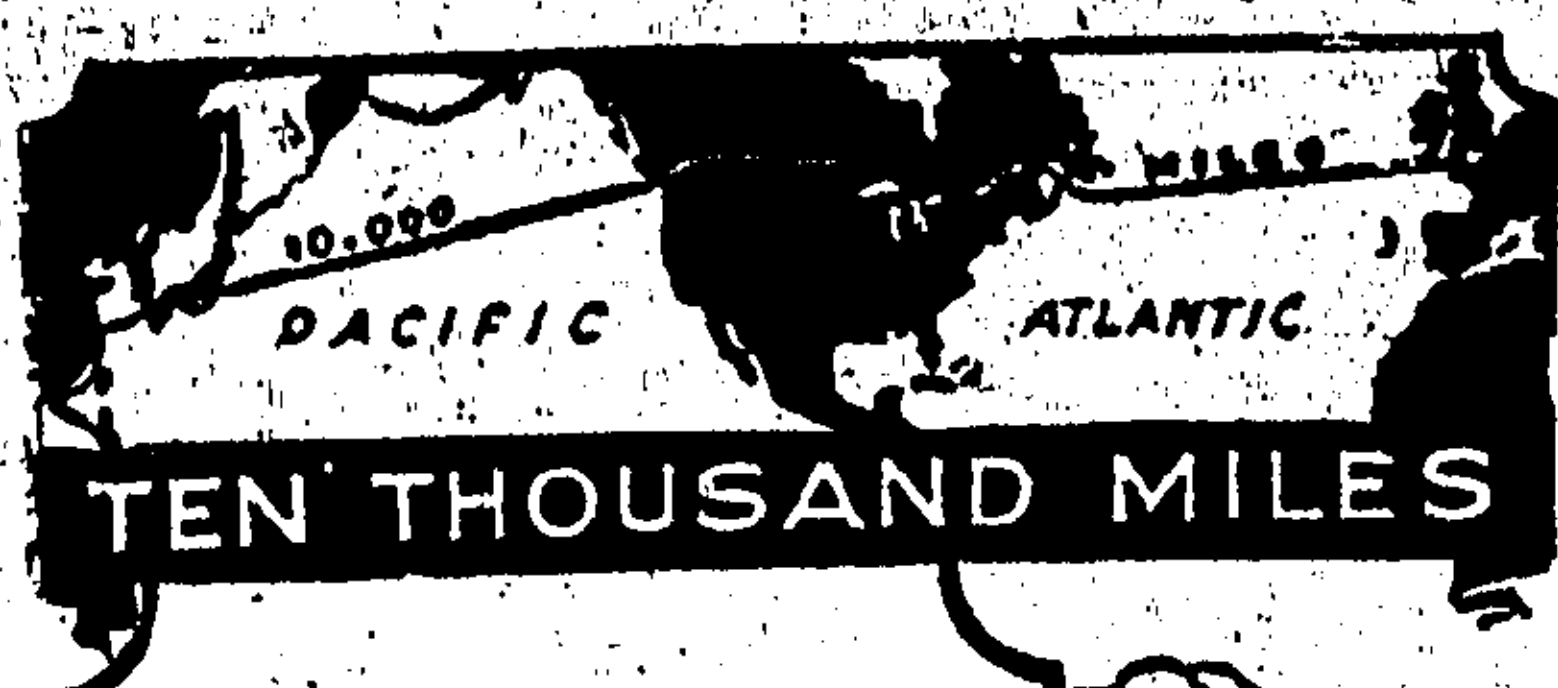


Fitted with the New No. 15 A. Sound Box
Providing Increased Musical Range

of Equal Response.

THE ANDERSON MUSIC Co., Ltd.

who profess and call themselves as such, that they do not share in Christianity. I honestly believe public worship. This brings us to a subject within them. They are not lost, which I have not the time nor sleep, and it seems a pity for the capacity to discuss, namely good of others. If not of them, how to get them.



TEN THOUSAND MILES

—of Uninterrupted Canadian Pacific Service

If you are going to Europe, why not use the uninterrupted service of the World's Greatest Travel System?

On the three separate legs of your journey—across the Pacific, across Canada, and across the Atlantic—this highly trained organization caters to your every need. Its servants are obliging, efficient, and thoughtful of your comfort; its ships, trains and hotels are among the world's best.

Follow the lead of experienced travellers and go the Canadian Pacific way.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

NEXT SAILINGS

TO MANILA: **EMPEROR OF CANADA.**
5 p.m.—March 9th.

TO THE PACIFIC COAST: **EMPEROR OF ASIA.**
Nogon—March 5th.

WORLD'S GREATEST TRAVEL SYSTEM

AUSTRALIAN-ORIENTAL LINE, LTD

"Change" & "Taiping."

THREE NEW VESSELS MAINTAIN A REGULAR SERVICE FROM HONGKONG TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS. VIA MANILA, AND THURSDAY ISLAND Through Bills of Lading issued to all Australian, New Zealand and Tasmanian Ports. EXCELLENT & MOST UP-TO-DATE FIRST & SECOND CLASS PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION. HONGKONG TO SYDNEY—19 DAYS.

STEAMER	DUE HONGKONG	DUE TO SAIL
TAIPING	11th March	18th March
CHANGTE	11th April	18th April
TAIPING	13th May	20th May
CHANGTE	10th June	17th June

For Freight & Passage, apply to—BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Tel. C. 36.



KONINKLIJKE PAKETVAART MAATSCHAPPIJ.
Royal Packet Navigation Co. of Batavia.

M. V. "CREMER"
will be despatched on 27th February at noon. For SINGAPORE, PENANG & BELWAN DELI DIRECT. Offers excellent saloon accommodation all lower berths, English Cuisine, doctor carried, wireless telegraph. 1st. CLASS FARE to SINGAPORE \$125.00. In connection with the Royal Packet Nav. Co's (K.P.M.) services to all destinations in the Netherlands East Indies and Australia.

Agents:—**JAVA CHINA JAPAN LINE.**
Telephone Central No. 1574 York Building, Chater Road.



MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

Sailings from Hongkong.

To MARSHALLS via Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Djibouti (Aden) Suez, Port-Said.

To YOKOHAMA via Shanghai & Kobe.

ANDRE LEBON.....	25th Feb.	CHENONOEUX.....	26th Feb.
PORTHOS.....	11th Mar.	ATHOS II.....	12th Mar.
CHENONOEUX.....	25th Mar.	D'ARTAGNAN.....	26th Mar.
ATHOS II.....	8th Apr.	ANGERS.....	8th Apr.
D'ARTAGNAN.....	22nd Apr.	SPHINX.....	22nd Apr.
ANGERS.....	6th May.	G. METZINGER.....	6th May.
SPHINX.....	20th May.	ANDRE LEBON.....	20th May.
G. METZINGER.....	3rd June.	PORTHOS.....	3rd June.

We can issue through tickets to Egypt, Syrian ports, East Africa, Madagascar by transshipment on our mail steamers at Port-Said or Djibouti.

COMMERCIAL LINE.
From DUNKIRK Hamburg, Rotterdam, (Antwerp):
For full Particulars, apply to—
Messageries Maritimes,
Telephone: C. 661 & 740. 3, Queen's Building.

THE VOLUNTEERS.

ORDERS FOR THE COMING WEEK.

No. 8/30 Hongkong Volunteer Defence Corps orders by Lt. Col. L. G. Bird D.S.O., C.B.E., inspection 1930. The attention of all ranks is drawn to Corps Order No. 7/30 dated 13.2.30 paragraph 1.

The attendance of this parade at Volunteer Headquarters at 5.25 p.m. on Thursday, 13th. March is one of the obligations of a Volunteer.

Full dress practice parade on Murray parade ground will be held on Tuesday, 11th. March. Parade at Headquarters at 5.30 p.m.

Officers' Sword Drill.

All available officers will parade under the Adjutant at Corps Headquarters at 5.30 p.m. on Thursday, 20th. and 21st. February.

Officers.

All Officers are reminded of the fact that when attending at the ranges at Stonecutters as Range Officer they must wear uniform.

Table T Rifle Parts I and II.

The Battery and Reserve Company will fire this course at Stonecutters on Sunday, 23rd. February. Range Officer: Capt. A. M. Thornhill. Dress: Musketry order, uniform or muff. Launch will leave Hongkong at 9 a.m. at Queen's Pier and calling at Kowloon Police Pier at 9.10 a.m.

Clothing and Equipment.

O. C. Coys. will please render a list of clothing and equipment that requires changing or renewing before G. O. C. inspection.

Corps Band.

There will be no parades on Tuesday, 26th. February.

Battery.

Part I Musketry. Part I Musketry Table T will be fired by the Company at Stonecutters on Sunday, February 23rd. Dress:—Optional, but rifles and bayonets, belts and bandolier must be taken.

Launch will leave Queen's Pier at 9 a.m. and calling at Kowloon Police Pier at 9.10 a.m. Range Officer, Captain A. M. Thornhill.

Parade at Headquarters for gun drill and signalling at 5.30 p.m. on Friday, February 28th.

G. O. C. inspection. The Battery will parade in breeches with puttees rolled downwards. All men without breeches must obtain same as soon as possible from Headquarters.

Engineer.

Musketry. The Engineer Company will fire Table T Rifle Part I on Sunday, 2nd. March. Full details will appear in next week's orders.

Sunday, February 23rd. Company shoot at Peak Range, commence at 9.30 a.m. Dress: Musketry order, uniform or muff optional.

In consequence of the No. 1 Co. practice parade for the G.O.C.'s inspection, (details under para. headed No. 1 Co.) there will be no D.L. instruction on Thursday, February 27th.

Corps Signals.

Musketry.—The Corps Signals will fire Table T Rifle Part I on Sunday, 2nd. March. Full details will appear in next week's orders.

Parade at Corps Headquarters at 5.30 p.m. on Friday, February 28th. Dress:—Muff, rifle, belt and bayonet to be carried. This is to be practice parade for the annual inspection.

Machine Gun Troop.

Practice parade for G.O.C.'s inspection at Volunteer Headquarters on Friday, 28th. February at 5.30 p.m. Dress:—Muff, rifle, belt and bayonet.

Armoured Car Company.

Car Section parades at Headquarters at 5.30 p.m. on Friday, 21st. February. Dress:—belt, rifle and bayonet.

Motor Cycle Section. G.O.C.'s inspection Practice Parade, Friday, February 28th, 1930. Dress:—Muff, belt, frog, bayonet and rifle.

All ranks are specially requested to attend the above in order to make a good show on the actual inspection.

Machine Gun Company.

There will be no parades on Tuesday, 26th. February.

SEEKING TO CONVERT.

GANDHI'S LOVE FOR THE ENGLISHMAN.

Ahmedabad, Feb. 20. Gandhi, writing in his paper *Young India*, declares the only danger regarding civil disobedience will be the outbreak of violence. "If there is violence, I now know the way; not retracting as at Bardoli (when a number of police men were killed by a mob). The struggle in freedom's battle of non-violence against violence must continue until not a single representative is left alive."

Replying to a query whether he would ultimately raise a force against the British, Gandhi says, "My love for non-violence is superior to everything mundane or super mundane. I embark on the campaign as much out of love for the Englishman as for the Indian. By self-suffering I seek to convert, never to destroy him."—*Reuter*.

day, 25th. February.

Scottish Company.

Parades. Thursday, 27th. February, 1930. Squad drill with arms. Belts and frogs will be worn.

No. 6 Platoon at Kowloon Dock under Lieut. G. Duncan, M.B.E.

No. 7 Platoon at Headquarters 5.30 p.m. under Captain H. R. Forsyth, G.O.C.'s inspection. Thursday, 13th. March, 1930. All ranks are reminded that attendance at this parade is essential for efficiency and are asked to make every endeavour to attend parades and inspection.

Portuguese Company.

Parades. The Company will parade at Headquarters on Friday, February 21st. at 5.30 p.m. for Company training. It is most essential that as many as possible will do their utmost to attend the next three Friday parades.

The Company will parade as strong as possible at Headquarters on Friday, February 28th. at 5.30 p.m. Dress:—Optional, rifle and bayonet and belt.

All N.C.O.'s are reminded that their general annual inspection takes place on Thursday, March 13th, details of which have already been published.

Reserve Company.

Part I Musketry. Part I Musketry Table T will be fired by the Company at Stonecutters on Sunday, February 23rd. Dress optional, but rifles and bayonets, belts and bandolier must be taken.

Launch will leave Queen's Pier at 9 a.m. and calling at Kowloon Police Pier at 9.10 a.m. Range Officer, Capt. A. M. Thornhill.

Annual Rifle Meeting.

The Ranges at Stonecutters have been allotted to the Corps on Sunday, 20th and Monday, 21st. April. All ranks are reminded of this event and are requested to keep the dates free.

Promotion and Appointment.

2nd. Lieut. L. F. Nicholson to command The Battery as from 1.2.30. No. 1096 Dmr. H. R. Major, No. 6 Platoon, to be L/Sgt. as from 1.2.30.

Strength.

The following recruits have been taken on the strength and posted as under:—

No. 1542 Pte. S. Balfour, Machine Gun Troop, from 13.2.30.

No. 1543 Pte. G. H. Gandy, The Battery, from 15.2.30.

No. 1544 Pte. D. F. Kilby, Armoured Car Company, from 14.2.30.

Struck Off the Strength.

Completion of over three years' service.—No. 783 Pte. H. J. Fountain, No. 3 Platoon, as from 1.1.29.

On Medical Ground.—No. 1415 Pte. D. W. Gregory, No. 3 Platoon, as from 1.1.29.

Having left the Colony.—No. 1037 Pte. M.D.G. Hoare as from date.

No. 1313 Pte. H. D. Gregory, No. 4 Platoon, as from 25.2.30.

Leave.

2/Lieut. L. F. Nicholson, The

LOCAL RADIO.

ANOTHER CONCERT FROM STUDIO.

To-day's Wireless Programme. Broadcast by ZBW, on 355 metres. 5.00-5.30 p.m. European Programme of Columbia records by courtesy of Messrs. Anderson Music.

"The Picnic," (W. H. Macdonald), Talking by William McCulloch.

"Devotion," (Melodie Passionnee), (A. W. Ketebeey).

"Flooding (Moreau de Concert)," (Haydn Wood), Organ Solo by Terence Casey at the Tivoli Theatre, London.

"My Song of the Nile," (Theme Song "Parasites"), "Singin' in the Rain," (Fred and Brown), Layton and Johnstone.

"Rigoletto-Prelude and Duke's Song," (Verdi), "Rigoletto-Quartet," (Verdi), Maria Gentile, Ebe Sigmund, Alessandro Granda and Carlo Galeffi.

5.30-6.00 p.m. Auntie Letty, Auntie Madge and Uncle Jack will entertain the Children.

6.00-7.00 p.m. Chinese programme. 7.00 p.m. A Lecture on "The Study of Cantonese" preliminary to Lessons by Rev. H. R. Wells, O.B.E., of Hongkong University.

7.30 (Approx.)—9.00 p.m. Experimental programme.

Studio Concert.

9.00 p.m. Concert. Broadcast from Studio.

Programme.

1. Pianoforte Solo, "Berceuse" (Chopin), Miss Lilian Chenalloy.

2. Hawaiian Music: (a) Honolulu March, (b) Honolulu Hula Girl, Messrs. H. and C. Wong, John and Joe Tseu.

3. Violin Solo: (a) Valse in A Major (Brahms), (b) Anglaise (Dittersdorf), Mr. Liu Yat-san.

4. Vocal Solo: (a) Lonesome, (b) Because (D'Hardlot), Mr. Lee Yuk-kwan, (Baritone).

5. Trio (Piano, Violin and Cello), Celebrated Andante (Rosenberg), Miss Mary Ahwee, Mr. Y. S. Liu and Mr. N. L. Lai.

6. Pianoforte Solo: (a) Gavotte (Gluck-Brahms), (b) Vecchio Minuetto (Sgambati), Miss Lilian Chenalloy.

7. Hawaiian Songs: (a) One Two, Three, Four, (b) In the Garden of Paradise, Messrs. H. and C. Wong, John and Joe Tseu, Philip Wan.

8. Violinello Solo: (a) Moonlight (Tolhurst), (b) Passacaglia (Weberlin), Mr. N. Lai.

9. Vocal Solo: (a) Udd (Sanderson), (b) Mother Machree (Olcott Ernest Ball), Mr. Lee Yuk-kwan, (Baritone).

10. Steel Guitar and Acc: (Selections), Mr. H. Wong and Mr. John Tseu. Accompanist, Miss Mary Ahwee. Programme contributed by the Chinese Glee Club.

10.30 (approx.) Close down.

Battery, returned off leave as from 10.2.30.

No. 1387 Pte. K. H. Batger, No. 4 Platoon returned off leave as from 1.2.30.

2/Lieut. J. F. Wright, No. 3 Platoon, from 12.2.30 to 31.12.30.

No. 517 Sergt. C. L. Edwards, Reserve Company, from 3.3.30 to 3.5.30.

No. 556 L/Sergt. C. L. Farmer, Armoured Car Company, from 1.3.30 to 31.1.30.

R. A. Wolfe Murray, Major, Adjutant, H. K. V. D. Corps.

BANK LINE LTD.

AGENTS FOR

ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION WITHOUT NOTICE.

UNITED KINGDOM & CONTINENT

"CITY OF HERFORD" ... London, Rotterdam & Hamburg ... 6th March

NEW YORK, BOSTON & BALTIMORE

ALSO AGENTS FOR

ANDREW WEIR & CO.

SERVICES TO

BOSTON, NEW YORK & BALTIMORE

"CLYDEBANK" ... 7th March

MAURITIUS & SOUTH AFRICA

"TINHOU" ... 10th April

Loading for Mauritius, Darban, Reunion, Delagoa Bay, East London, Algoa Bay, (Port Elizabeth), Mossel Bay and Capet. wa.

Through Bills of Lading issued to Balra, Quilimane, Ibo, Port Amelia, Moanabique, Obidie, Inhambane, Zambé, Moanabique, Kilindini, Port Nolloth, Luderia Bay, Walria Bay and Madagascar.

For freight or passage on any of the above lines, apply—

Telephone Central 4791.

THE BANK LINE, Ltd.



THE BLUE FUNNEL LINE

REGULAR AND FAST FREIGHT AND PASSENGER SERVICES

LONDON SERVICE
"PHILOCTETES" 4th Mar. M'Is, London, R'dam & H'burg
"AENEAS" 18th Mar. M'Is, London, R'dam & G'gow

LIVERPOOL SERVICE
"LAOMEDON" 5th Mar. Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow
"KEEMUN" 20th Mar. Genoa, Havre, L'pool & G'gow

PACIFIC SERVICE
"PROTESILAUS" 6th Mar. Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle
"TALTHYPIUS" 28th Mar. Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle

INWARD SERVICE
"EURYPYLUS" 26th Feb. S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"PROTESILAUS" 1st Mar. Kobe & Yokohama
"OANFA" 1st Mar. S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama

PASSENGER SERVICE
"AENEAS" 18th Mar. Singapore, Marseilles & London
"SARPENTON" 16th Apr. Singapore, Marseilles & London
Also cargo steamers with limited passenger accommodation at specially reduced fares.
For freight, passage rates and information apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.
Agents.

N.Y.K. LINE

REDUCED THROUGH TICKETS TO EUROPE VIA U.S.A. VARYING FROM \$85 TO \$120—ON SALE.

SAN FRANCISCO via Shanghai, Japan Ports & Honolulu
Asama Maru ... Thursday, 27th Feb.
Tayo Maru ... Sunday, 9th Mar.
SEATTLE, VICTORIA via Shanghai & Japan Ports
Shidzuoka Maru ... Friday, 28th Feb.
Yokohama Maru ... Tuesday, 11th Mar.
LONDON, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP & ROTTERDAM via
Singapore, Penang, Colombo & Suez.
Kitano Maru ... Saturday, 22nd Feb.
Haruna Maru ... Saturday, 8th Mar.
SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Ports.
Tango Maru ... Wednesday, 26th Mar.
Aki Maru ... Wednesday, 2nd Apr.
BOMBAY via Singapore, Panang & Colombo.
Tokushima Maru ... Friday, 28th Feb.
SOUTH AMERICA (WEST COAST) via Japan, Honolulu,
Los Angeles, Mexico & Panama.
Rakuyo Maru ... Sunday, 2nd Mar.
SOUTH AMERICA (EAST COAST) via Singapore,
Capotown & Ports.
Kawachi Maru ... Saturday, 8th Mar.
NEW YORK, BOSTON via Panama.
Taketo Maru ... Tuesday, 11th Mar.
Kako Maru ... Sunday, 23rd Mar.
LIVERPOOL via Port Said, Constantinople,
Genoa & Marseilles.
Lyons Maru ... Thursday, 20th Mar.
CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.
Morio Maru ... Saturday, 1st Mar.
Hakodate Maru ... Saturday, 8th Mar.
SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.
Genos Maru ... Thursday, 27th Feb.
Awa Maru ... Sunday, 2nd Mar.
Atsuta Maru ... Tuesday, 4th Mar.
Cargo only.
Reduced 1st class Excursion Rates quoted between
Manila and Australia.
For further information apply to:—**NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA**
Tel. Central Nos. 292, 3897 and 3821. (private exchanges to all Depots)

LLOYD TRIESTINO

FORTNIGHTLY PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICE FOR BRINDISI, VENICE & TRIESTE

Taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to Fiume, Genoa, All Italian, Adriatic, Levant, Black Sea and Danub. Ports. Taking Passengers to London Overland via Brindisi, Venice or Trieste.

NEXT SAILINGS FROM HONG KONG

For Shanghai Singapore & Japan
For Europe

"S.S. DUCHESSE D'AOSTA" ... 27th Feb.
"M.V. ESQUILINO" ... 4th Mar.
"M.V. COL DI LANA" ... 21st Feb. 26th Mar.
"M.V. ROMOLO" ... 2nd Mar. 10th Apr.

* Cargo steamers only.
All dates dates are subject to alteration without notice.

For Freight and Passages apply to:—
Queen's Building, **DODWELL & CO., LTD.**
Tel. C. 1430. Agents.

President Liner

SAILINGS

WEEKLY TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE.

To San Francisco & Los Angeles

To Seattle & Victoria

Fortnightly sailings on Tuesdays
 Pres. Cleveland, T. Feb. 25, 6 a.m. Pres. Madison, Mar. 4
 Pres. Pierce, Mar. 11 Pres. Jackson, Mar. 18
 Pres. Taft, Mar. 25 Pres. McKinley, Mar. 28, Apr. 1

\$120, \$112 Special through rates to Europe via United States. Direct connections with all Atlantic lines. Choice of rail lines across United States and Canada. Liberal stop-over privileges for sight-seeing.

Europe and New York Direct

ROUND THE WORLD.

Fortnightly sailings on Sunday via Manila, Straits, Colombo, Suez Canal, Alexandria, Naples, Genoa, Marseilles, New York and Boston.

Pres. Johnson Sun, Feb. 23, 8 a.m. Pres. V. Buren Sun, Apr. 6, 8 a.m.
 Pres. Fillmore Sun, Mar. 9, 8 a.m. Pres. Garfield Sun, Apr. 20, 8 a.m.
 Pres. Wilson Sun, Mar. 23, 8 a.m. Pres. Polk Sun, May 4, 8 a.m.

To Manila

Pres. Johnson, Feb. 23, 8 a.m. Pres. Fillmore, Mar. 9, 8 a.m.
 Pres. Madison, Feb. 25, 6 p.m. Pres. Jackson, Mar. 11, 6 p.m.
 Pres. Pierce, Mar. 1, 6 p.m. Pres. Taft, Mar. 15, 6 p.m.

American Mail Line

Dollar Steamship Line

CANTON BRANCH:—No. 4 Shakes Street.

INDO CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

Destination.	Steamers.	Sailings.
TO TSINGTAU via SWATOW & SHANGHAI	Yatsing Kwongkong Chakong Kwaisang	Sun. 23rd Feb at 7 a.m. Wed. 26th Feb at 7 a.m. Sun. 2nd Mar at 7 a.m. Wed. 5th Mar at 7 a.m.
TO OSACA via AMOI, MOJI & KORE	Suisang Hosang	Wed. 26th Feb at 7 a.m. Wed. 26th Mar at 7 a.m.
TO SINGAPORE PENANG & CALCUTTA	Namsang Kutsang	Mon. 24th Feb at 3 p.m. Tues. 4th Mar at 3 p.m.
TO SINGAPORE	Yunsang	Mon. 10th Mar at 3 p.m.
TO SANDAKAN	Mausang Hinsang	Mon. 24th Feb at 3 p.m. Sat. 1st Mar at noon.
TO TSINGTAU via SWATOW & FOCHOW	Choongkong Chipkong	Sun. 23rd Feb at 7 a.m. Thurs. 13th Mar at 7 a.m.

For freight or passage apply to:—

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.

Telephone 215, Central General Managers.

THE SWEDISH EAST ASIATIC COMPANY, LIMITED.

SERVICE OF FAST MOTOR VESSELS.

Loading Direct For

ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM OR AMSTERDAM, HAMBURG AND SCANDINAVIA.

"M.V. 'AGRA'" Loading about 28th February
 "M.V. 'BENARES'" " " 11th March
 "M.V. 'NANKING'" " " 6th April
 "M.V. 'DELHI'" " " 2nd May

* Also loading direct for Genoa, Algiers and Tripoli.
 † Also loading direct for Oran & Barcelona.

SHANGHAI and JAPAN PORTS.

S.S. "SUMATRA" 3rd March
 M.V. "NANKING" 7th March
 M.V. "FORMOSA" 24th March
 M.V. "DELHI" 27th March

For further particulars apply to the Agents:—

GILMAN & CO., LTD.

G. E. HUYGEN.

Canton.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

FROM CALCUTTA & COLOMBO TO SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS

Regular Passenger and Cargo Service to South African Ports.

Through Bills of Lading issued from Hongkong

For Freight or Passage apply to:—

DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents.

Telephone Central 1030.

INSURANCE OF SCHOOL FEES.

Ask

CHINA UNDERWRITERS, LTD.

for their scheme whereby your child's School Fees are provided by easy instalments during infancy.

and are ASSURED IN THE EVENT OF YOUR DEATH

Telephone C. 1122 or write to the Manager,

Hongkong Bank Building, 14 Des Voeux Road Central, HONGKONG.

CHINA UNDERWRITERS, LTD.

Y.M.C.A. PLANS.

BUILDING SCHEMES REVISED.

That the Directors of the European Y.M.C.A. are now considering a more ambitious development scheme than the one originally proposed, was revealed at the annual meeting yesterday, when the Hon. Sir Henry Pollock, K.C., who presided, said they hoped to carry the proposed new building to a height of four storeys and thus, in addition to the swimming pool and public rooms, provide further residential accommodation.

The original plan, he said, provided for a two storey building at the rear of the existing premises, which would include a swimming pool, dining room and lounge hall. The estimated cost of this programme was \$108,000, but a larger scheme was now being considered. It was now planned to build to a height of four storeys, the two top floors being designed for living accommodation. Under this plan a further 24 bedrooms would be available for members and would, of course, be a fruitful source of revenue for the Association.

Sir Henry said he could not promise that the new plan would go through, but expressed the hope that means would be found to finance the project. The cost of the more ambitious scheme was estimated at \$155,000, and the Directors considered that the extra money would be well spent.

Service Appreciation.

Sir Henry also reviewed the Association's activities, and noted with satisfaction the increased use to which the library had been put. He said he considered the library a most important part of the Association. Referring to the Naval and Military branch of the work, he read a letter received from Petty Officers of H.M.S. Berwick shortly before the cruiser left the China Station, in which warm appreciation of the Association's work for Servicemen was expressed.

In connexion with the Cheer O Y.M.C.A., he mentioned that a wireless set had proved a further additional welcome attraction. Mr. W. L. Patenden had rendered yeoman service for the Association, and particularly at the Cheer O, and the Association would lose a loyal helper when Mr. Patenden went home on retirement from Hongkong this year.

Sir Henry Pollock also referred to the impending departure of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Hunt, and said they were assured of a warm welcome upon their return to the Colony after nine months' holiday in England.

Commenting upon the finances of the Association, he considered these very satisfactory, and said that Mr. Mills of the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, had undertaken the work of honorary treasurer upon the departure of Mr. M. E. Scott.

Mr. C. C. Hickling, the Very Rev. A. Swann and the Rev. Horace Johnston were re-elected directors, the meeting concluding with a vote of thanks to the Chairman proposed by Mr. P. S. Cassidy.

VICTORIA DIOCESE CONFERENCE.

THE QUESTION OF UNITY OF THE CHURCH.

The Victoria Diocesan Conference resumed its sittings yesterday afternoon.

A discussion ensued on various amounts shown in the Budget for 1930 introduced by the Rev. Mr. Shann. The budget was approved unanimously, as also another motion by Mr. Shann, that to avoid duplication of offices, the Hon. Treasurer and Auditor of the V.D.M.A. be recognized as being also the Hon. Treasurer and Auditor of the Diocesan Conference. The present title of the Conference was also approved.

A resolution was carried that the Conference adopt the recommendation of the Standing Committee that the Executive Council meet early in October of each year, before the meeting of the V.D.M.A. Executive Council, with a view to considering the Budget for the ensuing year.

Before the Conference rose, a prayer was offered up for the recovery of the Rev. Mr. Young, Pastor of Union Church, Hongkong.

Church Unity.

In the course of the session, the Very Rev. Alfred Swann spoke on "Unity of the Church."

He said they must approach it with careful consideration of difficulties and obstacles, such as ignorance, superficiality, and prejudice. Questions of history and tradition, differences of temperament and intellect combined to constitute a very complicated problem.

He believed that, prompted by the Holy Spirit, unity was possible of realization. God willed fellowship, and that had been manifested by an outward, visible and united society, having its own recognized officers, using God-given means of grace, and inspiring all its members to the world-wide service of God.

The speaker went on to say that visible organic unity was just as necessary as spiritual unity, and stated his conviction that the Lambeth Conference was right when it insisted on organic unity as well.

Many of our present differences of organization and practice in Church matters were matters of custom rather than of principle. His personal belief was that while schemes for reunion should make provision for variety, those who made them and those who carried them out should keep in mind the possibility of greater concord, in matters both of organization and practice. They must recognize the human weaknesses that lay in themselves and endeavour to conquer them, combined with the willingness to learn.

The Rev. Mr. F. Short also expressed a strong desire for unity, but held that organic unity while possessing one Ministry should also have diversity to enable individual practice.

Executive Council.

The Rev. Mr. H. V. Koop brought up the divergent views of the "Anglo-Catholic Party" in the Church of England. He thought it was more desirable to have an interchange of congregations than of pulpits.

Other speakers also expressed their views on the subject. At the

THE VENEZIA.

OUT OF DOCK AND READY FOR SERVICE.

After being in Kowloon Docks for several months, the s.s. Venezia is now ready for her service on the Canton run. She left the Dock yesterday and was tied alongside Douglas Wharf, where she was inspected by a large number of people throughout the afternoon.

She presented a pretty picture with her coat of white and her low yellow funnel, and looks capable of a high speed. Workmen and painters were still busy on board yesterday afternoon when a Press representative called on Capt. Crago, who is in command, but, we have been informed, everything will be ready on Sunday, when she will have her trial run.

She will leave her wharf on Sunday at 2.30 p.m. and will be taken outside the harbour to be given a complete test. If the trial proves satisfactory, she will leave for Canton on Monday morning.

As the Venezia will fly the Chinese flag, she will be registered in Canton. She will stay in that port for a few days for her examination and survey and will start running as soon as possible.

She is expected to cover the distance from Hongkong to Canton in just over four hours. She will leave Hongkong at 8 a.m., reaching Canton just after noon, and will sail from that port at 4 p.m. on her return trip.

The owners are also thinking of putting her on the Macao run on Sundays. If this scheme materialises, she will leave here on Sunday morning and return in the evening.

As stated, Capt. Crago is in command, with Mr. Blackwell as Mate and Mr. Louis as Chief Engineer. Mr. Houghton is Second Engineer.

New Delhi, Feb. 20.

Amid loud cheers in the Assembly, Mr. Patel announced his acceptance of the convention proposed by the Viceroy, to settle the dispute concerning polling the Chamber.

Mr. Patel said he was always willing to be guided by the considered advice of the authorities.

conclusion, the Rev. Mr. Koop moved the following resolution:

"That this Diocesan Conference, bearing in mind the urgency of the need of reunion and the weight of responsibility resting upon its President as a member of the Lambeth Conference, assures the Bishop of its prayers and its confidence that he will go to all lengths consistent with the spirit of Christ to achieve the organic unity of the Church."

The resolution was seconded by Mr. R. Ashton Hill, and adopted unanimously.

The following were elected to serve on the Executive Council, constituted to act for the Conference during the interval between meetings.—The Revs. H. V. Koop, W. W. Rogers, C. B. Shann and R. H. V. Broughan; Mrs. Forster, Professor L. Forster, Dr. G. A. C. Herklotz, Col. F. J. Wyatt, Mrs. Clark, Miss Mow Fung, and Messrs. E. C. Thomas, and R. Ashton Hill.

The Rev. P. Jenkins and the Rev. C. B. Shann were elected as fraternal members to serve on the Council of Co-operation and to represent the Conference at the meetings of the Diocesan Synod of the Chung Hua Sheng Kung Hui.

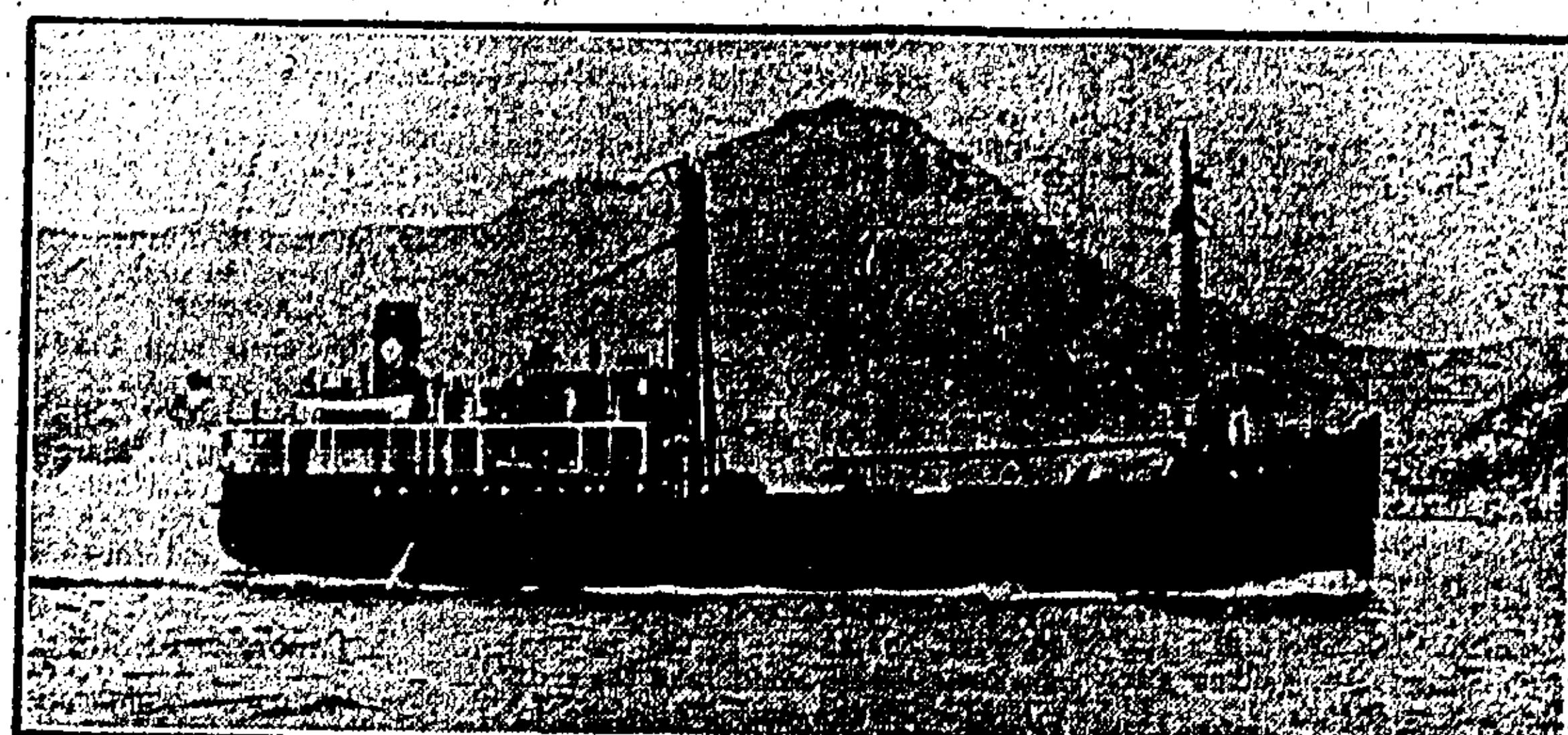
THE HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK CO., LTD.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS "MANIFESTO", HONGKONG.

Codes Used A1, A.B.C. Fifth Edition, Engineering, First and Second Editions.

Western Union and Watkins, Benson's Macconi.

Dock Owners, Ship Builders, Marine and Land Engineers, Boiler Makers, Iron, Steel and Brass Founders, Forge Masters, Electricians.



M.V. "NAGA."

STEEL TWIN SCREW MOTOR VESSEL.

Dimensions:—155' 0" B.P. x 35' 0" x 13' 6" Mid. B.H.P. 480. Speed 10 knots. D.W. 645.

Please address enquiries to the Chief Manager:—

R. M. DYER, B. Sc., M.I.N.A., Kowloon Dock, Hongkong.



BARBER WILHELMSSEN LINE.

THE PREMIER ALL WATER ROUTE TO NEW YORK and other U.S. Atlantic Ports via Panama.

All Vessels call at SAN FRANCISCO and LOS ANGELES en route.

Passengers desiring to travel, by this interesting route will find the accommodation provided well up to their expectations, and at a cost most reasonable.

42 Days To New York

For Passenger and Freight information please apply:—

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

Queen's Buildings. Agents. Telephone C. 1030.

P. & O. BRITISH-INDIA, APCAR AND EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN LINES.

(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND)

Taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading for Straits, Java and Burma, Ceylon, India, Persian Gulf, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa, Australasia, including New Zealand & Queensland Ports, Red Sea, Egypt, Constantinople, Greece, Levantine Ports, Europe Etc.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL FORTNIGHTLY DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS (UNDER CONTRACT WITH H.M. GOVERNMENT.)

S. S.	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
MACEDONIA	11,120	1st Mar.	Marseilles & L'don
KASHMIR	8,985	8th Mar.	M's, L'don, Hull, H'bg, R'dm, & A'werr
KALYAN	9,144	15th Mar.	M's, L'don, Hull, R'dm & A'werr
ALIPORE	5,273	19th Mar.	Straits, Colombo & B'hey

Frequent connections from Port said for Passengers & Cargo to Constantinople, Smyrna and other Levant Ports by Steamers of the Khedivial Mail S.S. Co.

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS

STEAMER	Tons	Date	Destination
TAKIWA	7,936	26th Feb.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta
TILAWA	10,006	15th Mar.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta
TALAMBA	8,018	22nd Mar.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta
PAKADA	6,949	25th Mar.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta
TALMA	10,000	12th Apr.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta

B. I. Apar Line steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class passengers. All steamers are fitted with wireless and carry a qualified surgeon.

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South)

STEAMER	Tons	Date	Destination
TANDA	6,956	28th Feb.	Manila, Sandakan, Thura
ST. ALBANS	4,500	4th Apr.	Island, Townsville, B'ham
NELLORE	6,953	2nd May	Sydney and Melbourne

* Call Port Holland.

Regular Monthly Sailings from Hongkong to Japan and Hongkong to Australia.

The P. & O. S.S. Co., Ltd. steamers will also call at Shanghai, India, Cebu, Kiangsu, Tawau, Timor, Darwin, or other ports on route as inducement offers.

Frequent connections from Australia with the following:—The Union S.S. Co.'s Steamers to the United Kingdom via New Zealand, Vancouver, San Francisco, etc.

The P. & O. Royal Mail Steamers to London via Suez Canal.

The P. & O. French Service of Steamers to London via the Cape.

The New Zealand Shipping Co. Steamers to Southampton and London via Panama Canal.

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN

STEAMER	Tons	Date	Destination
TALAMBA	8,018	28th Feb.	Amoy, S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Osaka
RAWALPINDI	16,619	28th Feb.	S'hai, Kobe & Yokohama
TAKADA	6,949	4th Mar.	Amoy, Moji, Kobe, Yokohama & Osaka
ST. ALBANS	4,500	11th Mar.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Yokohama

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.

WIRELESS ON ALL STEAMERS.

Parcels Measuring not more than 24 ft. x 12 ft. x 1 ft. will be received at the Co's Office up to noon on the day previous to sailing.

For Passage Rates, Handbooks, Freight, etc., apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

P. & O. Bldg., Connaught Rd., C.

GLEN LINE.

Fast Hongkong to London 62.

TO LONDON, ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG via STRAITS & COLOMBO.

Motor Vessel "GLENAPP" 13th May
 Motor Vessel "GLENBEG" 7th May
 Steamship "GLENIFFER" 4th June

TO SHANGHAI, KORE, YOKOHAMA & YLADIVOSTOK.

Motor Vessel "GLENLUCE" 6th Mar.
 Steamship "CAERNARVONSHIRE" 14th Mar.
 Motor Vessel "GLENBEG" 25th Mar.

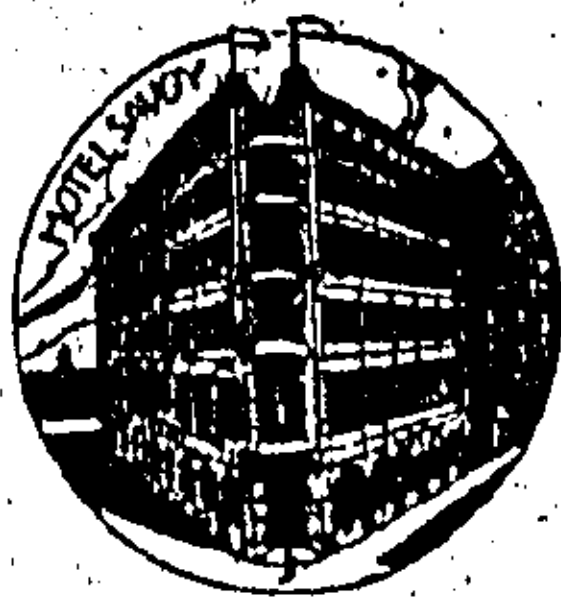
For freight, passage and further particulars, apply to:

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.

AGENTS: THE GLEN LINE, LTD.

THE HONGKONG PENINSULA HOTEL:
HONGKONG HOTEL, REPULSE BAY HOTEL,
PEAK HOTEL
AND
SHANGHAI
ASTOR HOUSE, PALACE HOTEL,
MAJESTIC HOTEL,
HOTELS LIMITED.
In association with the Grand Hotel
Des Wagons Lits, Peking.

Hotel SAVOY
The Newest and Finest
Hostelry in THE COLONY
Convenient...Cosmopolitan



KOWLOON HOTEL
KOWLOON.

Under the Personal Supervision and
Attention of

Mr. & Mrs. H. J. WHITE.
Phone Nos. K. 608 & K. 609.
Cables "KOWLOTEL"
Hongkong.

PALACE HOTEL.

Tel. Kowloon No. 3. Tel. Address "Palace."
A First Class Residential and Tourist Hotel with all the Con-
veniences of a Home. Under Entirely European Management. Cozy
Lounge and Billiard Saloon. Three minutes from Ferry. Families specially
catered for. Moderate terms.
Mrs. J. H. Oxberry, Proprietress.

EUROPE Cables:—"EUROPE"
Singapore.

HOTEL
SINGAPORE

After dinner
dancing every
Tuesday, Thursday
and Saturday.

Grill

THE EUROPE HOTEL LTD.

Arthur E. Odell, Managing-Director.

RUNNYMEDE HOTEL-PENANG

"MALAYA'S NICEST HOTEL".....

With beautiful private lawns to the Sea

MODERN THROUGHOUT

Dinner-dance twice weekly

RUNNYMEDE HOTEL LTD.
George Goldsack.

Cables:—"RUNNYMEDE."

Manager.



TO-DAY & TO-MORROW.
at 2.30, 5.30, 7.20 & 9.20.

"WINGS"

For the boy who went to France,
mounted to the clouds, faced
destruction and death to find
what was in his heart. Clara
Bow plays a big part in the epic
picture of the world war as it
was fought in the air.

AT THE
MAJESTIC
Nathan Road, Kowloon.

Printed and Published for the Proprietors by FRANKLIN PERRY
FRANKLIN, at 1 and 3, Wyndham Street, in the City of Victoria
Hongkong.

HOME FOOTBALL RESULTS.

WEST HAM SECURE A
SURPRISE WIN.

THE LEAGUE TABLES.

London, Feb. 20.
West Ham scored a very wel-
come win in the First Division
to-day, defeating Leicester. A
couple of Third Division matches
were also played, the results
(through Reuter) and league
tables being:

FIRST DIVISION.

Leicester	1	West Ham	2
Wednesday	27	17	0 4 72 31 40
Derby	29	16	0 8 69 54 30
Manchester C.	28	14	0 8 64 50 24
Leeds	28	15	2 11 67 41 32
Blackburn	29	13	5 11 74 67 31
Huddersfield	28	13	5 11 43 48 31
Aston Villa	28	13	4 11 58 54 30
Leicester	30	12	6 12 60 62 30
Liverpool	29	12	6 11 47 55 30
Middlesbrough	28	13	3 12 63 56 29
Bolton	30	11	7 12 54 49 29
Portsmouth	28	10	8 10 50 43 28
Sheffield U.	29	12	4 13 61 59 28
Bury	30	10	8 12 59 70 28
Manchester U.	29	12	4 13 48 56 28
West Ham	28	10	6 13 45 42 26
Arsenal	28	9	7 12 44 45 25
Birmingham	27	8	7 12 43 56 23
Sunderland	27	7	9 19 49 62 23
Everton	28	8	5 15 48 70 21
Grimsby	27	9	2 16 50 74 20
Newcastle	27	9	2 16 50 74 20

THIRD DIVISION (NORTH).

Tranmere	5	Barrow	2
Halifax	1	Carlisle	0
Port Vale	28	21	4 3 71 26 46
Stockport	27	17	0 4 69 32 40
Accrington	27	14	5 8 72 47 33
Derby	30	14	4 12 77 58 32
Chorley	27	13	4 10 49 41 30
Carlisle	29	12	6 11 71 73 30
Crowe	27	12	5 10 67 45 29
Lincoln	28	8	13 7 44 38 29
Southport	29	9	11 9 65 48 29
Hartlepool	27	10	9 8 61 40 29
Tranmere	29	11	7 11 63 57 29
York	27	8	13 6 41 37 29
S. Shields	29	11	7 11 48 35 29
Nelson	27	11	6 12 41 50 28
Tranmere	27	11	5 11 58 62 28
Wigan	29	9	6 14 45 60 24
New Brighton	29	10	4 15 44 63 24
Halifax	31	8	7 16 36 52 23
Doncaster	26	9	4 13 37 48 22
Wrexham	28	7	7 14 40 57 21
Rotherham	27	6	6 15 41 70 18
Barrow	28	7	3 18 30 75 17

SAD LOSS TO THE COLONY.

(Continued from Page 1.)

Mr. Young, and the Ad-
ministrative.
After the war he entered New
College, University of London
(Principal A. E. Garvie) and
studied there for five years. In
the last year there, the amalga-
mation of Hackney and New College
took place, and Mr. Young was
elected first President of the
United House.

Organised New Church.

In 1924, Mr. Young took over
the work at Bellingham of con-
stituting a new Church in an
entire new area. He organised
and constituted the Church, being
its first minister. It now has a
membership of 200, and 600 Sun-
day School scholars. Mr. Young



was at Bellingham for four years
and nine months. He was much
interested in school work there,
and all local enterprise. The
Church was the first enterprise
of the London Congregation Union
in Church Extension, and as such
it has been a success.

Keen Sportsman.

Before coming to Hongkong, Mr.
Young was a keen athlete. He
was interested in all forms of
sport, especially cross country run-
ning, having been a member of
Blackheath Harriers, and was also
a footballer and cricketer, having
been captain of both whilst at
New College, University of London.
Mr. Young's father is now Con-
gregational minister at Welham-
stowe, and for about fourteen
years he worked a great deal in
East London.

POLICE RIGHT OF DETENTION.

TSIN WAN MURDER
CASE ENDS.

MAGISTRATE DECLINES TO SAY NO STAIN ON CHARACTER.

ACCUSED DISCHARGED.

The Tsin Wan murder case
came to an end this morning,
when, in the District Court, at
the Post Office Building, the
accused was discharged, on the
ground that the police were
unable to bring home the charge.
An application by defending
counsel that the Court should
hold that there was no stain on
the accused's character was not
entertained by the Magistrate,
who held that the police were
quite within their rights in
having detained the man.

The accused was Leung Lin,
shop fohi of the Yan Wo medicine
shop, Tsin Wan, the charge
against him being that he
had murdered Lo Shing at the

NOTICE TO "TELEGRAPH" SUBSCRIBERS.

Late Delivery During the
Race Meeting.

In order to provide subscrib-
ers with a full report of the
annual meeting of the
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank-
ing Corporation, as well as the
results of the first day of the
Races, there will be a second
edition of the *Telegraph* to-
morrow. This, of course, will
mean a delay in the delivery
of the paper.

Subscribers are further in-
formed that deliveries will also
be late on the remaining four
days of the Race Meeting next
week.

Heung Kong Distillery, Tsin Wan,
on the night of January 13-14,
1930. The case came before Mr.
J. S. MacLaren, Assistant District
Officer, New Territories.

The Magistrate ordered the dis-
charge of the accused when Mr.
L. R. Andrewes, who prosecuted
for the Crown, stated that he was
unable to proceed further against
accused.

Suffered Disgrace.

Mr. Hin-Shing Lo, who defend-
ed, said accused was the only son
of the sole proprietor of the
medicine shop, and had been help-
ing his father for the last 11 years,
during which time he had never
been in any trouble. It was most
unfortunate that accused had
been arrested and detained in
regard to the murder. He was
arrested nearly five weeks ago,
during which time he and his
father had suffered disgrace,
while accused had suffered a
certain amount of indignity by
his detention. He asked his Wor-
ship to indicate that there was no
stain on accused's character.

Mr. Andrewes said the Crown
found that they were unable to
prove the charge of murder
against accused, and therefore
they asked for his discharge.

"Picked Up By Chance."

Mr. Lo contended that accused
was picked-up by chance and was
arrested without definite infor-
mation or suspicion. He had been
carrying on lawful vocations for
11 years and now he had been de-
tained and discharged on such a
serious charge as murder.

His Worship pointed out that
the police were entitled to detain
anybody against whom they had
reasonable suspicions, and there
was nothing irregular about
the proceedings of arrest. He
could say nothing as to accused's
character as apart from evidence
of arrest, no evidence had been
given and the Crown could not go
on with the case. If Mr. Lo was
not satisfied he could take the mat-
ter up with the police elsewhere.

His Worship added he presumed
that the police now had nothing
against accused.

Duty to the Public.

Mr. Andrewes remarked that the
Crown owed a duty to the public to
investigate any grounds which
they had, but if it was found im-
possible to proceed, then they could
only ask for a discharge. In any
case, the delay was due entirely to
accused himself. When asked to
account for his movements, he told
a story which took a long time for
the police to try to substantiate.

KWANGSI PROBLEM PARLEY.

GENERAL CHAN MING-SHU
FLIES TO WUCHOW.

CHIANG'S INTENTIONS.

Canton, Feb. 20.
His Excellency General Chan
Ming-shu, Civil Governor of
Kwangtung, left here yesterday by
aeroplane for Wuchow to confer
with General Chan Chai-tong,
Commander-in-Chief of the 8th
Route Army (Cantonese forces)
regarding the situation in
Kwangsi.

General Chan Ming-shu flew in
the aeroplane "Chu Kiang," piloted
by Colonel Wu Kum-ngai. He
was accompanied by Mr. Fan Kee-
fai, the Commissioner of Finance,
and by General Wong Keung of
the Hainan garrison.

A number of people assembled
at the aerodrome at Tai Sha Tau
to bid farewell to General Chan,
these including General Auyang-
kue, Commissioner of Public
Safety, and Mr. Tang Yin-wah, of
the Provincial Council, besides the
official of the Aviation Bureau.

General Chan will remain in
Wuchow for a day or so, and then
return to Canton by air. It is
expected that he will be leaving
shortly for Nanking to attend the
3rd Plenary Session of Kuomintang
which opens in Nanking on the
1st March, but this is not yet
definitely decided.

It is reported that Marshal
Chiang Kai-shek will come south to
Canton at the conclusion of the
3rd Plenary Session. It will be
remembered that the Marshal
planned to come down to Canton
about three weeks ago, but was
delayed in Nanking and now finds
it necessary to be there to direct
the 3rd Plenary Session of the
Kuomintang.—Our Own Correspondent.

RUBBER RESTRICTION PROSPECTS.

DIFFERENT VIEWS OF THE EFFECT OF SCHEME.

Amsterdam, Feb. 20.
The *Telegraph* points out that
the decision of the rubber pro-
ducers must be ratified by a
general meeting of rubber-growers,
which is to be held on March 5.

The Journal is of opinion that
the move is a step in the right
direction and it estimates that the
effect of the restriction will be to
reduce supplies by 58,000 tons.

The *Handelsblad* estimate is
much lower. It places the reduc-
tion at about 28,000 tons. The
paper states that Heer Merinus,
a member of the Dutch Rubber Com-
mission, will leave for the Dutch
East Indies in March to discuss
with the Government there the
question of the participation of the
native growers in the scheme.—
Reuter.

MUSEUM "BOMB" HOAX.

HOME SECRETARY REPLIES TO QUESTIONS.

London, Feb. 20.
Mr. J. R. Clynes, Home Secre-
tary, was questioned in the House
of Commons to-day regarding the
recent discovery of a so-called
bomb in the Indian Room of the
British Museum.

Mr. Clynes said it was a mis-
chievous hoax and no person of
Indian origin was involved. He
referred to the prosecution of a
young Englishman who pleaded
guilty to placing the bogus bomb
in the Museum and was fined £20
and £5 5s. costs.—British Wireless.

Inaccuracies were found, and it
took a still longer time to deal
with those inaccuracies.

Mr. Lo said he was not vindictive,
but all he wanted to do was to clear
accused's character.

His Worship said that accused
was now discharged and so far as
the Court was concerned there was
no reflection against his character,
but the police would not have held
him so long unless they had very
good grounds, and they were en-
titled to do it.

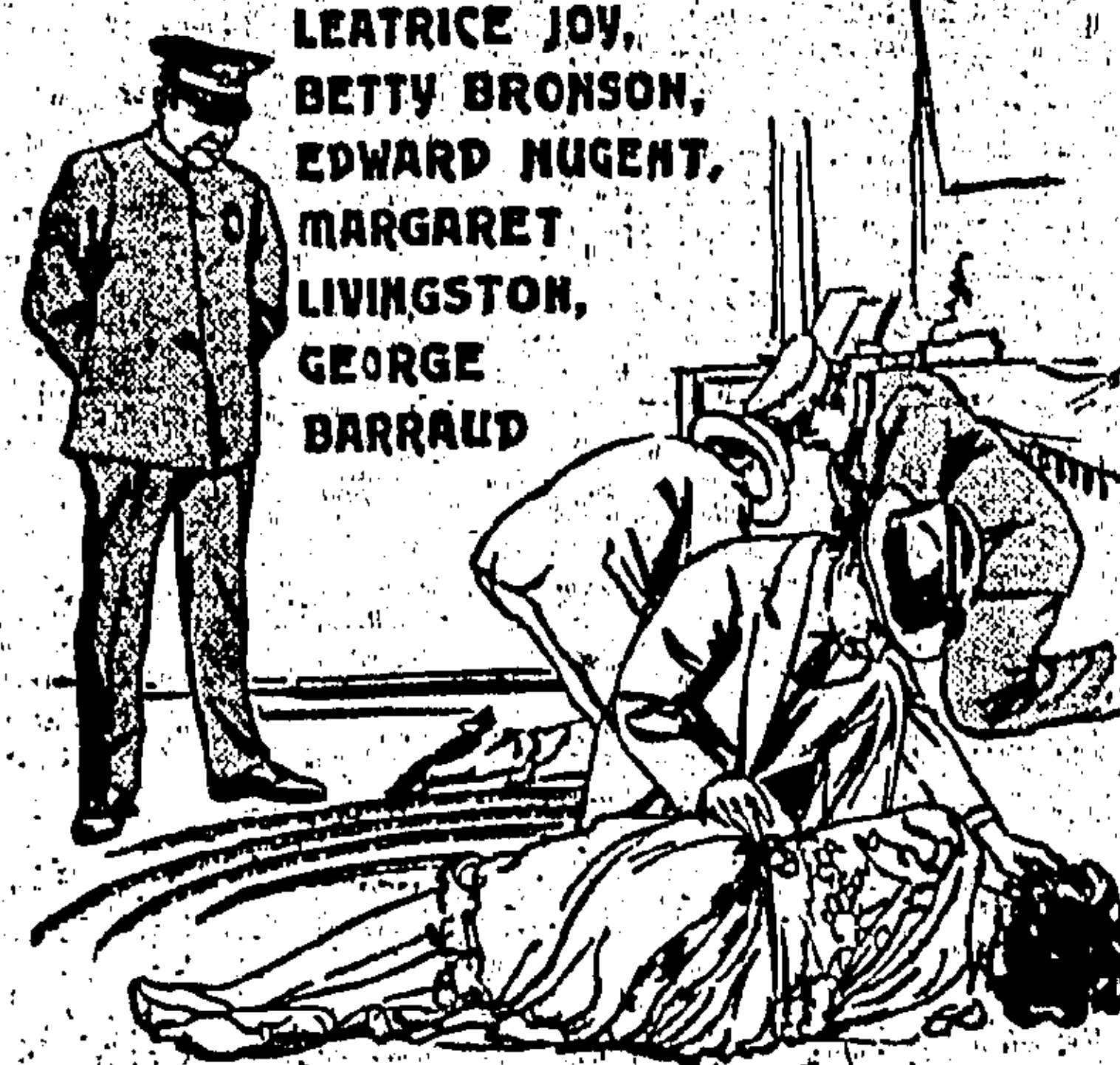
Unconfirmed Story.

Mr. Andrewes said accused told
a story which could not be confirm-
ed. He was taken round to places
where he had said he had been, but
it was discovered that he had not
been to those places. He was sure that
no hardship had been caused to ac-
cused.

Mr. Lo suggested that his Wor-
ship should say accused's detention
was not justified, and there was not
a stain on his character.

His Worship closed the argument
by saying he thought it was re-
grettable that he had been found ac-
cused, but he would now be discharged.

STARS WITH DIALOGUE



LEATRICE JOY,
BETTY BRONSON,
EDWARD NUGENT,
MARGARET
LIVINGSTON,
GEORGE
BARRAUD

THE BELLAMY TRIAL

YOU ARE IN THE COURT ROOM
GETTING EVERY DRAMATIC MOVE
OF THIS SENSATIONAL TRIAL
OF THE CENTURY!

HEARST METROTONE NEWS

KING and QUEEN of Italy visit Pope Pius, a.s. Molesey
wrecked off South Wales. Behind the scenes at rehearsal
of "STRIKE UP THE BAN"

OPENING OF RACING SEASON IN HAVANA.

AT THE
QUEEN'S TO-DAY & TO-MORROW
At 2.30, 5.00, 7.15 & 9.30.

GRETA GARBO

with

LEWIS STONE

AND

NILS ASTHER

IN

"WILD ORCHIDS"

AT THE

WORLD TO-DAY & TO-MORROW

At 5.15 & 9.20 only

At 2.30 & 7.15

Chinese Picture, "WESTWARD HO."

Author of "The Shanghai Gesture" and co-author of "Rain."

Author of "The Shanghai Gesture" and co-author of "Rain."

Author of "The Shanghai Gesture" and co-author of "Rain."

Author of "The Shanghai Gesture" and co-author of "Rain."

Author of "The Shanghai Gesture" and co-author of "Rain."

Author of "The Shanghai Gesture" and co-author of "Rain."

Author of "The Shanghai Gesture" and co-author of "Rain."

Author of "The Shanghai Gesture" and co-author of "Rain."

Author of "The Shanghai Gesture" and co-author of "Rain."

Author of "The Shanghai Gesture" and co-author of "Rain."

Author of "The Shanghai Gesture" and co-author of "Rain."

Author of "The Shanghai Gesture" and co-author of "Rain."

Author of "The Shanghai Gesture" and co-author of "Rain."

Author of "The Shanghai Gesture" and co-author of "Rain."

Author of "The Shanghai Gesture" and co-author of "Rain."

Author of "The Shanghai Gesture" and co-author of "Rain."

Author of "The Shanghai Gesture" and co-author of "Rain."

Author of "The Shanghai Gesture" and co-author of "Rain."

Author of "The Shanghai Gesture" and co-author of "Rain."

Author of "The Shanghai Gesture" and co-author of "Rain."

Author of "The Shanghai Gesture" and co-author of "Rain."

Author of "The Shanghai Gesture" and co-author of "Rain."

Author of "The Shanghai Gesture" and co-author of "Rain."

Author of "The Shanghai Gesture" and co-author of "Rain."

Author of "The Shanghai Gesture" and co-author of "Rain."

Author of "The Shanghai Gesture" and co-author of "Rain."

Author of "The Shanghai Gesture" and co-author of "Rain."

Author of "The Shanghai Gesture" and co-author of "Rain."

Author of "The Shanghai Gesture" and co-author of "Rain."

Author of "The Shanghai Gesture" and co-author of "Rain."

Author of "The Shanghai Gesture" and co-author of "Rain."

Author of "The Shanghai Gesture" and co-author of "Rain."